(Incorporating Amendment No 1)

Aurizon Network, 2017 SUFA DAAU submission

Amended from

Australian Standard™

General conditions of contract for design and construct

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This Australian Standard was prepared by Committee OB/3, General Conditions of Contract. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 7 September 1999 and published on 27 December 2000.

The following interests are represented on Committee OB/3:

Association of Consulting Engineers Australia Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry Australian Procurement and Construction Council

AUSTROADS

Construction Industry Engineering Services Group

Construction Policy Steering Committee

Electricity Supply Association of Australia

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This Standard was issued in draft form for comment as DR 97528.

AS 4902-20003

PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee OB/3, General Conditions of Contract.

This Standard incorporates Amendment No 1 (March 2005). The changes required by the Amendment are indicated in the text by a marginal bar and amendment number against the clause, note, table, figure or part thereof affected.

This Standard is the result of a consensus among Australian and New Zealand representatives on the Joint Committee to produce it as an Australian Standard.

AS 4902—2000 General conditions of contract for design and construct, is a part of the suite of conditions of contract based on AS 4000—1997 General conditions of contract.

This Standard covers the following types of project procurement methods:

- (a) design and construct;
- (b) design development and construct; and
- (c) design, novate and construct.

If the project procurement method chosen by the Principal is:

- (a) **design and construct**—the Principal would provide the Principal's project requirements, would not normally provide a detailed preliminary design and would not require novation;
- (b) **design development and construct**—the Principal would provide the Principal's project requirements, would always provide a preliminary design and accordingly would complete Annexure Part A Items 10 and 11;
- (c) **design, novate and construct**—the Principal would provide the Principal's project requirements, would always provide a preliminary design, would complete Annexure Part A Items 10 and 11 and would complete Annexure Part A Item 20 stating which subcontract (including consultant's agreement) or selected subcontract is to be novated to the Contractor.

Subclauses 8.6 and 29.2, prefixed by *, are optional, and may be omitted in the Contract, where necessary, without making consequential amendments but such omission should be clearly shown on the face of the document by striking out these subclauses or indicating clearly in clause 1 of Annexure Part E or elsewhere that they are *not to apply*. See paragraph (i) of clause 1 for the effect of stating deletions in Annexure Part E.

Warnings

- (1) Users of this Australian Standard are warned that clause 15 (Damage to persons and property other than *WUC*) does not limit the liability of parties for special, indirect or consequential losses.
 - This unlimited liability applies notwithstanding any limitations or exclusions permitted under insurance clauses 16A (Insurance of the Works), 16B (Professional indemnity insurance) and 17 (Public liability insurance).
 - Parties wishing to limit their liability should seek insurance and legal advice before entering a contract under this Standard.
- (2) Principals should ensure that their specific requirements are fully and completely incorporated in the Principal's project requirements obtaining specialist advice if necessary. Where a Contractor provides a proposed design as part of its tender, the parties should consider whether that design should form part of the preliminary design.
- (3) The risk allocation, drafting, interpretation and construction of this Standard are interrelated. Users who alter the Standard do so at their own risk and

AS 4902-20004

- should obtain specialist advice as to whether it is suitable for a particular project.
- (4) Contractors should ensure that they satisfy the requirements of payment for unfixed plant and materials.
- (5) Legislation has come into force in some jurisdictions dealing with security of payments. Parties intending to use this Standard should seek expert advice as to their rights and obligations under such legislation.

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STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Australian Standard General conditions of contract for design and construct

1 Interpretation and construction of Contract

1.1 Definitions

[AN note: we have removed redundant definitions and inserted additional definitions which are relevant to amendments we have made to the contract]

In the *Contract*, except where the context otherwise requires:

Item means an *Item* in **Annexure Part A**;

Access Legislation has the meaning given to that term in the Extension Project

Agreement;

Access Regulator has the meaning given to that term in the Extension Project

Agreement;

Access Seeker has the meaning given to that term in the Extension Project

Agreement;

access undertaking has the meaning given to that term in the Extension Project

Agreement;

adjustment event has the meaning given in clause 35A;

advance deduction

amount

means the amount stated in Item 7C;

advance payment means the amount stated in *Item* 7B;

allocation principles means the principles which detail how any adjustments to the

contract sum should be allocated across the different

Segments, as contained in Annexure Part I;

baseline contamination means *contamination* on or under the *site* and its near

surrounds (if any) identified in the baseline site report;

baseline program means the *program* for performance of the *WUC*, which at

the date of this *Contract* is the program contained in **Annexure Part H**, as updated from time to time in

accordance with clause 31:

baseline site conditions means the physical conditions on the site and its near

surrounds identified in the baseline site report;

baseline site report means the report (or reports) contained or referred to in

Annexure Part G:

business day

means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, Public Holiday in Queensland or 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 December;

certificate of practical completion

has the meaning in subclause 33.6;

Claim

has the meaning given to that term the *Extension Project Agreement*;

compensable cause

means:

- (a) any act, default or omission of the *Independent* Certifier, the Principal or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being a contractor employed by the Contractor); or
- (b) those listed in *Item* 31;

Compensation Payment

the amount of compensation payable by the *Contractor* to the *Principal* where the *Contract* is terminated by the *Principal* under **subclause 38.4(b)**, calculated in accordance with **subclause 38.12**;

Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date

has the meaning given to that term in the Extension Project Agreement;

confidential information

of a disclosing party means:

- (a) the terms of this Contract; and
- (b) information disclosed (whether before or after the commencement of this *Contract*) by, or on behalf of, the *disclosing party* to the *recipient* which:
 - (i) is by its nature confidential or commercially sensitive:
 - (ii) is identified by the *disclosing party* as confidential or commercially sensitive;
 - (iii) the *recipient* knows or ought to know is confidential or commercially sensitive; or
 - (iv) relates to the business, operations or financial affairs of the *disclosing party* or a related body corporate of it,

but does not include information which:

 is or becomes public knowledge other than by breach of the Contract or by a breach of confidentiality by the recipient or any third party to whom the recipient has disclosed the information;

- (vi) is in the possession of the *recipient* or a related body corporate of it without restriction in relation to disclosure before the date of receipt; or
- (vii) has been independently developed or acquired by the *recipient* or a related body corporate of it;

consequential loss

means:

- (a) any loss of profits, loss of production, loss of revenue or wasted overheads;
- (b) any loss of whatever nature concerning the supply of product from a mine to any third party or the making of product available to transport;
- (c) any loss of business opportunities;
- (d) any loss of or damage to goodwill or reputation;
- (e) any loss of or damage to credit rating; and
- (f) any loss or damage that does not naturally, according to the usual course of things, flow from a breach of contract,

but does not include, and the exclusion in **clause 43.2** does not apply to, any of the following *Claims* to the extent that the party that has suffered or incurred such loss would in the absence of this definition be entitled to recover them at law:

- (g) any additional costs or expenses reasonably incurred by that party in connection with mitigating the effects of any breach of the *Contract* by the other party (including implementing a workaround solution in respect of or otherwise mitigating any failure of a party to comply with the requirements (including warranties) of the *Contract*) provided that if a loss arising from the breach of the *Contract* is itself not recoverable because it is a *Consequential Loss*, the costs or expenses incurred in mitigating that loss shall also be treated as (nonrecoverable) *Consequential Loss*;
- (h) a Loss (including a Loss arising out of a Claim by a third party) in respect of:
 - the cost of repairing, replacing or reinstating any real or personal property of any person (including the *Contractor* or the *Principal*) that has been lost, damaged or destroyed; or
 - (ii) personal injury to or death of any person;

- in respect of any personal injury claim, special loss or economic loss as those terms are used in the context of personal injury claims;
- (j) any liquidated damages for which that party is liable under the *Contract* or compensation pursuant to subclause 38.12;
- (k) the break fee pursuant to subclause 39.2; or
- (I) any fines or penalties imposed by a governmental or regulatory body for failure by that party to comply with any *legislative requirement* as a result of the other party's failure to comply with the requirements of the *Contract*, and any costs or expenses incurred by the that party in dealing with any actions, investigations, inquiries or proceedings by a governmental or regulatory body in respect of such failures or breaches;

construction plant

means appliances and things used in the carrying out of *WUC* but not forming part of *the Works*;

consultant

means any person engaged by the *Contractor* to perform consultancy services in connection with *WUC*;

contamination

means the presence on, in, over or under land (including surface, subsurface and ground water) of a substance (including odours) or heat, sound, vibration or radiation at a concentration or intensity above the concentration or intensity at which the substance, heat, sound, vibration or radiation is normally or naturally present on, in, over or under that land (including surface, subsurface and ground water) in the same locality, being a presence that presents a risk of harm to human health or any other aspect of the environment;

Contract

means the contract comprising the documents listed in the *Formal Instrument of Agreement* as together forming the contract;

contract sum

means the lump sum payable by the *Principal* to the *Contractor* to complete *the Works*, as specified in clause 2 the *Formal Instrument of Agreement,* including *provisional sums* but excluding any *pre-funding payment*;

Contractor

means the person bound to carry out and complete *WUC*;

Contractor's design obligations

means all tasks necessary to design and specify *the Works* required by the *Contract*, including preparation of the design documents and, if the documents stated in *Item* 10 as describing the *Principal's project requirements* include a *preliminary design*, developing the *preliminary design*;

Contractor's Requirements

means the standards, safety management system requirements and other *rail infrastructure* requirements from

time to time of the *Contractor* in its capacity as *Rail Infrastructure Manager* of the *rail infrastructure*;

date for practical completion

means the date provided in *Item* 7, but if any *EOT* for *practical completion* is directed by the *Independent Certifier*, granted by the *Principal* or allowed in any expert determination or litigation, it means the date resulting therefrom;

date of practical completion

means:

- (a) the date evidenced in a certificate of practical completion as the date upon which practical completion was reached; or
- (b) where another date is determined in any expert determination or litigation as the date upon which practical completion was reached, that other date;

defect

means any:

- (a) defect, shrinkage, movement, error, omission, deficiency or other imperfection in *the Works* in respect of, or arising from, any cause including design, materials or workmanship;
- (b) aspect of *the Works* which is not in accordance with this *Contract*; or
- (c) physical damage to the *Works* resulting from any of the matters referred to in **paragraphs** (a) and (b) of this definition:

defects rectification period

has the meaning given in *Item* 32;

defects register

has the meaning given in subclause 34.2(a);

Depreciating Asset

means an asset that satisfies section 40-30 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (Cth);

design documents

means the drawings, specifications and other information, samples, models, patterns and the like required by the *Contract* and created (and including, where the context so requires, those to be created by the *Contractor*) for the construction of *the Works*;

direction

includes agreement, approval, assessment, authorisation, certificate, decision, demand, determination, explanation, instruction, notice, order, permission, rejection, request or requirement;

disclosing party

has the meaning in **subclause 8.5(a)**; has the meaning in **subclause 35.1**;

discretionary variation

dispute

has the meaning in clause 41;

EOT (from 'extension of

time')

has the meaning in subclause 33.3;

excepted risk

has the meaning in subclause 14.3;

Expansion

has the meaning given to that term in the access undertaking;

Extension

has the meaning given to that term in the *Unit Holders Deed*;

Extension Infrastructure Sub-Lease

has the meaning given to that term in the *Extension Project*Agreement;

Sub-Lease

has the meaning given to that term in the Rail Corridor

Agreement;

Extension Project

Agreement

Extension Land

means the agreement entitled "User Funding – Extension Project Agreement: [insert Extension name]" between the

Principal, the Contractor and others;

Financier's Engineer

[Drafting note: subject to confirmation that financiers will be

appointing a separate engineer]

final certificate

has the meaning in subclause 36.4;

final payment

has the meaning in clause 36;

final payment claim

means the final payment claim referred to in **subclause 36.4**;

force majeure event

means:

- (a) storm surge, earthquake, tsunami, typhoon, tornado, cyclone, dust storms, flood, fire, explosion, washaway, landslide, catastrophe, and/or other natural calamity or physical disaster;
- riot, piracy, war, invasion, terrorist act, act of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war is declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, blockade or civil commotion;
- (c) malicious damage or sabotage;
- (d) ionising radiation or contamination by radioactivity;
- (e) failure of electricity supply from the electricity grid;
- (f) embargo or sanctions arising from any act of any government or other authority or agency;
- (g) epidemic, pandemic, or quarantine restriction;
- (h) pressure waves caused by aircraft or other aerial devices travelling at sonic or super-sonic speeds;
- (i) maritime or aviation disasters;
- (j) the discovery of unexploded ordnance;
- (k) encountering any species of flora or fauna which delays the *WUC* because it poses a danger to health

and safety or due to the requirement to protect or conserve that flora or fauna; and

(I) train or motor vehicle accident,

but only to the extent that:

- (m) it is beyond the reasonable control of (and not caused by) the party claiming the *force majeure event* (including any *subcontractor* or any agent or employee of any of them); and
- (n) the risk is not expressly assumed elsewhere in the *Contract* by one of the parties;

Formal	Instrument	of
Agreer	nent	

means the formal instrument of agreement forming part of this *Contract*;

GST has the meaning given in the GST Law;

GST Law has the meaning given to that expression in the A New Tax

System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 (Cth);

Independent Certifier means the person appointed to carry out the *Independent*

Certifier Services on the terms of the Independent Certifier

Deed in accordance with clause 19;

Independent Certifier Deed

means the document so entitled between the *Independent*Certifier, the *Principal*, the *Contractor* and the *Access*Regulator, which is in the form (or substantially in the form) of

the document contained in Annexure Part K;

Independent Certifier Services

means the services required to be performed by the *Independent Certifier* under the *Independent Certifier Deed* and the administration of this *Contract* and the performance of duties which this *Contract* requires the *Independent Certifier* to perform;

insolvency event has the meaning given to that term in the *Extension*

Infrastructure Sub-Lease;

Insurance Schedule means the schedule contained in **Annexure Part F**;

Integrated Network Deed

has the meaning given to that term in the *Extension Project Agreement*;

intellectual property means any patent, registered design, trademark or name, copyright or other protected right:

right copyright or other protected right;

joint claim has the meaning given to that term in subclause 33.5B;

Landholder has the meaning given to that term in the Rail Corridor

Requirements Agreement;

latent condition has the meaning in subclause 24.1;

legislative requirement includes:

- (a) Acts, Ordinances, regulations, by-laws, orders, awards and proclamations of the jurisdiction where *WUC* or the particular part thereof is being carried out;
- (b) certificates, licences, consents, permits, approvals and requirements of organisations having jurisdiction in connection with the carrying out of WUC; and
- (c) fees and charges payable in connection with the foregoing;

Loss

has the meaning given to that term the *Extension Project Agreement*;

payment claim

means a claim for payment made by the *Contractor* under **clause 36**:

peak exposure date

means the date on which the *termination exposure amount* is greater than on any other day during the term of this *Contract*, calculated in reference to the projected termination costs modelling contained in **Annexure Part E**;

peak termination exposure

means the amount stated in *Item 7D*, being the *termination* exposure amount on the peak exposure date, calculated with reference to the project termination costs modelling contained in **Annexure Part E** (which modelling will have regard to the amount of any advance payment projected to be made by the *Principal* under the *Contract* in determining the *termination* exposure amount);

practical completion

is that stage in the carrying out and completion of *WUC* when:

- (a) the Works are complete in accordance with the requirements of this Contract (including the Principal's project requirements) except for minor defects:
 - which do not prevent the Works from being reasonably capable of being used for their stated purpose;
 - (ii) which the *Independent Certifier* determines the *Contractor* has reasonable grounds for not promptly rectifying; and
 - (iii) the rectification of which will not prejudice the convenient use of *the Works*;
- (b) those tests which are required by the Contract to be carried out and passed before the Works reach practical completion have been carried out and passed;
- (c) documents and other information required under the Contract which, in the Independent Certifier's opinion,

- are essential for the use, operation and maintenance of the Works have been supplied; and
- (d) the Contractor in its capacity as "Rail Infrastructure Manager" has certified that the Works are ready to enter operational service;

Preference Unit Holder pre-funding payment has the meaning given to that term in the *Unit Holders Deed*; means the amount payable by the *Principal* for feasibility and other work undertaken by the *Contractor* in respect of *the Works* prior to the date of this *Contract*, being the amount stated in *Item* **7A**;

pre-termination work preliminary design prescribed notice pricing information has the meaning in subclause 39B(a);

means the documents stated in *Item* 11;

has the meaning in subclause 40.1;

means any pricing or cost information in relation to:

- (a) the conduct of *WUC* other than *WUC* undertaken by subcontractors or suppliers of the *Contractor*, and
- (b) the conduct of WUC undertaken by subcontractors or suppliers of the Contractor if, and to the extent that, such information falls within the scope of a defined set of information which is agreed between the Contractor and the applicable subcontractor or supplier (at the time of entry into the applicable subcontract or supply agreement) as being pricing information;

Principal

means the Principal stated in Item 1;

Principal's Approvals

means the certificates, licences, consents, permits and approvals specified in *Item* **9A** which must be obtained by the *Principal*;

Principal's Engineer

means the person appointed by the *Principal* (and notified to the *Contractor* and the *Independent Certifier*) to inspect the progress of the *WUC* on behalf of the *Principal*;

Principal's project requirements

means the *Principal's* written requirements for *the Works* described in the documents stated in *Item* 10 which:

- (a) shall include the stated purpose for which *the Works* are intended;
- (b) may include the *Principal's* design, timing and cost objectives for *the Works*; and
- (c) where stated in *Item* **10**, shall include a *preliminary design*;

program

has the meaning in clause 31;

progress certificate

has the meaning in subclause 36.1(d);

progress payment

has the meaning in subclause 36.1(h);

provisional sum

has the meaning in clause 3 and includes monetary sum,

contingency sum and prime cost item;

public liability policy

has the meaning in clause 16;

QCA Act

means the Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997 (Qld);

QCA determination

means a determination made by the *Access Regulator* in respect of the *Extension*;

qualifying cause of delay

means:

- (a) any act, default or omission of the *Independent Certifier*, the *Principal* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Contractor*) including a delay by the *Independent Certifier* in certifying the price of a *discretionary variation* under **subclause 35.3(a)(i)**;
- (b) an adjustment event; or
- (c) any event or delay which this Contract provides gives rise to an entitlement for the Contractor to claim an EOT;

Rail Corridor Agreement

has the meaning given to that term in the *Extension Project Agreement*;

rail infrastructure

means rail transport infrastructure (as defined under the *TIA*) for which the *Contractor* is the owner, lessee or sublessee (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the rail infrastructure of the *Extension*), the use of which is declared for the purposes of Part 5 of the *Access Legislation* pursuant to section 250(1)(a) of the *Access Legislation*;

Rail Infrastructure Manager has the meaning given to that term in the *Transport (Rail Safety) Act 2010* (Qld);

recipient

has the meaning in subclause 8.5(a);

Redundant Extension Infrastructure

means "Redundant Extension Infrastructure" as defined in:

- (a) the Extension Infrastructure Head-Lease; and/or
- (b) the Extension Infrastructure Sub-Lease;

Regulatory Asset Base required rating

has the meaning given to that term in the *access undertaking*; has the meaning in **subclause 5.2**;

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scope difference	means any part of the scope in the <i>Principal's project</i> requirements set out in Annexure Part B that as a result of a QCA determination:		
	(a) is different to the scope for Contractor's documents or part of the Expansion Proce	submissions to the QCA as	
	(b) requires the Contractor to c Works to a standard that is Contractor's Requirements,	not in accordance with the	
	details of which are set out	in Annexure Part M	
security	nas the meaning given to that terr	m in subclause 5.1(a) ;	
Segments	nas the meaning to that term in th	ne Unit Holders Deed;	
separable portion	means a portion of the Works identified as such in the Separable Portion Annexure;		
site	means the lands and other places to be made available and any other lands and places made available to the <i>Contractor</i> by the <i>Principal</i> for the purpose of the <i>Contract</i> ;		
subcontractor	in clause 3 includes a <i>consultant</i> ;		
substantial breach	means:		
	(a) in respect of the Contractor Contract listed in subclaus		
	(b) in respect of the <i>Principal</i>, the listed in subclause 38.7;	the breaches of this Contract	
temporary works	means work used in carrying out a not forming part of the Works;	and completing WUC, but	
temporary works termination exposure amount		be payable to the <i>Contractor</i>	
termination exposure	not forming part of <i>the Works</i> ; means the amount which would b f the <i>Contract</i> was terminated un	pe payable to the <i>Contractor</i> der subclauses 35A.3(b) ,	

Project Agreement;

Costs

Train

Transaction Document

Trust Administration

and **Transaction**

Documents

has the meaning given to that term in the access undertaking;

has the meaning given to that term in the *Unit Holders Deed*;

have the meaning given to those terms in the Extension

unexpected means any *contamination* at the *site* which is not *baseline*

contamination *contamination*;

Unit Holders Deed has the meaning given to that term in the *Extension Project*

Agreement;

WHS Act means the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 (Qld);

the Works means the whole of the work to be carried out and completed

in accordance with the *Contract*, including work that occurs as a result of *discretionary variations* or *adjustment events* provided for by the *Contract*, which by the *Contract* is to be

handed over to the Principal;

work includes the provision of materials;

work site means each part of the site or place WUC is to be performed

and other obligations under the Contract fulfilled; and

WUC (from 'work under the Contract')

means the work which the Contractor is or may be required to carry out and complete under the Contract and includes any work that occurs as a result of discretionary variations or adjustment events, remedial work, construction plant and

temporary works,

and like words have a corresponding meaning.

1.2 Interpretation

In the Contract:

- (a) references to days mean calendar days and references to a person include an individual, firm or a body, corporate or unincorporate;
- (b) time for doing any act or thing under the *Contract* shall, if it ends on a day that is not a *business day*, be deemed to end on the day next following which is a *business day*;
- (c) clause headings and subclause headings shall not form part of, nor be used in the interpretation of, the *Contract*;
- (d) words in the singular include the plural and words in the plural include the singular, according to the requirements of the context. Words importing a gender include every gender;
- (e) communications between the *Principal*, the *Independent Certifier* and the *Contractor* shall be in the English language;
- (f) measurements of physical quantities shall be in legal units of measurement of the jurisdiction in *Item* 8;
- (g) unless otherwise provided, prices are in the currency in *Item* **9(a)** and payments shall be made in that currency at the place in *Item* **9(b)**; and
- (h) the law governing the *Contract*, its interpretation and construction, and any agreement to arbitrate, is the law of the jurisdiction in *Item* 8.

1.3 Contra proferentum

In the interpretation of this *Contract* no rule of construction applies to the disadvantage of one party on the basis that the party put forward or drafted this *Contract* or any provision in it.

2 Nature of Contract

2.1 Performance and payment

The Contractor shall carry out and complete WUC in accordance with the Contract and directions authorised by the Contract.

The *Principal* shall pay the *Contractor* for the due and proper performance of the carrying out and completion of *WUC* the *contract sum* adjusted by any additions or deductions made pursuant to the *Contract*.

2.2 Contractor's warranties

- (a) Subject to **subclauses 2.2(b) and 2.2(c)**, and without limiting the generality of **subclause 2.1**, the *Contractor* warrants to the *Principal* that the *Contractor*:
 - (i) at all times shall be suitably qualified and experienced, and shall exercise due skill, care and diligence in the carrying out and completion of *WUC*;
 - (ii) has examined any *preliminary design* included in the *Principal's project* requirements and that such *preliminary design* is suitable, appropriate and adequate for the purpose stated in the *Principal's project requirements*;
 - (iii) shall carry out and complete the Contractor's *design obligations* to accord with the *Principal's project requirements*; and
 - (iv) shall carry out and complete *WUC* in accordance with the *design documents* so that *the Works*, when completed, shall:
 - (A) be fit for their stated purpose; and
 - (B) comply with all the requirements of the Contract.

[AN note: It remains AN's position that it should not be required to guarantee the capacity outcome of any particular Extension]

(b) The *Contractor* provides no warranty to the *Principal* as to whether the railway, as augmented by the *Works*, will fulfil the incremental capacity requirements of the *Principal* or any capacity requirements stated in the *Principal's project requirements*.

[AN note: AN does not have the ability to refuse to perform the Works when determined by the QCA. As such AN should not be required to provide warranties of the nature QCA is proposing for scope which the Contractor is required to construct to a standard that is not in accordance with the Contractor's Requirements]

(c) The Contractor provides no warranty to the Principal that any part of the Works or the WUC required which is a scope difference will be fit for its stated purpose and the warranty under subclause 2.2(a)(iv)(A) shall not apply in respect of any scope difference.

2.3 Warranties unaffected

The warranties remain unaffected notwithstanding:

- (a) that design work (including the *preliminary design*) has been carried out by or on behalf of the *Principal* and included in the *Principal's project requirements*;
- (b) any receipt or review of, or comment or *direction* on, the *design documents* by the *Independent Certifier*, or
- (c) any discretionary variation or adjustment event.

3 Provisional sums

A *provisional sum* included in the *Contract* shall not itself be payable by the *Principal* but where pursuant to a *direction* the *work* or item to which the *provisional sum* relates is carried out or supplied by the *Contractor*, the *work* or item shall be priced by the *Independent Certifier*, and the difference shall be added to or deducted from the *contract sum*.

Where any part of such *work* or item is carried out or supplied by a *subcontractor*, the *Independent Certifier* shall allow the amount payable by the *Contractor* to the *subcontractor* for the *work* or item, disregarding:

- (a) any damages payable by the Contractor to the subcontractor or vice versa; and
- (b) any deduction of cash discount for prompt payment,

plus an amount for profit and attendance calculated by using the percentage thereon stated in *Item* 13 or elsewhere in the *Contract*, or, if not so stated, as assessed by the *Independent Certifier*.

4 Separable portions

The interpretations of:

- (a) date for practical completion;
- (b) date of practical completion;
- (c) practical completion;
- (d) certificate of practical completion; and
- (e) defects rectification period,

and **clauses 5, 14, 16, 33, 34,** and **36.4** will apply separately to each *separable portion* and references therein to *WUC* and *the Works* will mean so much of those things as is comprised in the relevant *separable portion*.

[Drafting note: A Separable Portion may (but will not always) be the same as a Segment. Segments are a different concept (used to determine cost contributions between Preference Unit Holders), whereas Separable Portions may encompass parts of a number of Segments being discrete physical components of work.]

5 Security

[AN note: AN requires the pro-forma contract to include a requirement for the Principal (which will be a newly incorporated trustee company with limited assets) to provide Security]

5.1 Provision

- (a) Within 10 business days of the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date the Principal shall provide the Contractor as security for the performance of its obligations under this Contract four bonds, each for an amount equal to 25% of the peak termination exposure ('security').
- (b) Security provided in accordance with **subclause 5.1(a)** must satisfy the requirements listed **subclause 5.2**.

5.2 Requirements of security

Security must:

- (a) be in the form contained in **Annexure Part J** (or such other form as the *Contractor* may approve);
- (b) be in favour of the Contractor,
- (c) be unconditional; and
- (d) be at all times provided by an issuer bank that maintains the credit rating stated in *Item* 14 (the '*required rating*').

5.3 Recourse

Security shall be subject to recourse by the Contractor if the Contractor remains unpaid after the time for payment by the Principal where at least 5 days have elapsed since the Contractor notified the Principal of its intention to have recourse.

5.4 Replacement Security

If:

- (a) any security provided by the Principal under this clause 5 has an expiry date; or
- (b) the credit rating of the entity providing the *security* under this **clause 5** falls below the minimum specified in **clause 5.2**,

the *Principal* shall provide a replacement *security* to the *Contractor* which complies with all requirements stipulated in this **clause 5**:

- (c) in the case of (a) above, by the date which is fourteen (14) days before the date on which the relevant *security* is due to expire; or
- in the case of (b) above, within fourteen (14) days of the credit rating falling below the minimum required by this **clause 5**,

and such replacement security shall be effective from the date of receipt.

Subclause 5.4 does not require the *Principal* to issue a replacement *security* where the date by which the *Contract* requires the *Contractor* to return a *security* to the *Principal* predates the expiry date of that *security*.

The *Contractor* shall simultaneously return the original *security* to the *Principal* in exchange for a replacement *security* which complies with all requirements stipulated in this **clause 5**.

5.5 Reduction and release

Subject to its rights to have recourse to the *security*, the *Contractor* must upon the written request of the *Principal* on or after the *peak exposure date* release the *security* as follows:

- (a) when the value (as assessed by the *Independent Certifier*) of the *termination exposure* amount is less than or equal to 75% of the *peak termination exposure*, that part of the *security* so that the amount of the *security* held by the *Contractor* is equal to 75% of the *peak termination exposure*;
- (b) when the value (as assessed by the *Independent Certifier*) of the *termination exposure* amount is less than or equal to 50% of the *peak termination exposure*, that part of the *security* so that the amount of the *security* held by the *Contractor* is equal to 50% of the *peak termination exposure*;
- (c) when the value (as assessed by the *Independent Certifier*) of the *termination exposure* amount is less than or equal to 25% of the *peak termination exposure*, that part of the *security* so that the amount of the *security* held by the *Contractor* is equal to 25% of the *peak termination exposure*; and
- (d) when the value (as assessed by the *Independent Certifier*) of the *termination exposure* amount is 0% of the *peak termination exposure*, any remaining *security*.

5.6 Trusts and interest

Any interest earned on the *security* will be retained by the *Contractor*. The *Contractor* shall not hold the *security* or the proceeds of the *security* on trust.

5.7 Not used

5.8 Quantum of Security

The parties acknowledge and expressly agree that this *Contract* is not subject to the condition that may otherwise be implied by section 67K(2) of the *Queensland Building and Construction Commission Act 1991* (Qld). Section 67K(2) implies a condition into building contracts that the total value of security and retention moneys held prior to *Practical Completion* is not to be more than 5% of the contract price, unless the contract expressly provides otherwise.

By initialling this subcla	ause 5.8 in the space	provided below, th	ie parties expr	essly agree that
this Contract is not sub	ject to the condition in	posed by section	67K(2) and ex	plained above.

Initialled for and on behalf of the Co	ntractor:
Initialled for and on behalf of the Pri	incipal:

6 Evidence of Contract

The *Formal Instrument of Agreement* is evidence of the *Contract* once it has been executed by the parties.

7 Service of notices

A notice (and other documents) shall be deemed to have been given and received:

- (a) if addressed or delivered to the relevant address in the *Contract* or last communicated in writing to the person giving the notice; and
- (b) on the earliest date of:
 - (i) actual receipt;
 - (ii) confirmation of correct transmission of fax; or
 - (iii) 3 days after posting.

8 Contract documents

8.1 Discrepancies

When construing the documents which together form the *Contract* the following rules of construction apply:

- (a) in the event of any inconsistency between the documents which form the *Contract*, the order of precedence is provided in clause 5 of the *Formal Instrument of Agreement*; and
- (b) figured shall prevail over scaled dimensions in a discrepancy.

Otherwise, if either party discovers any inconsistency, ambiguity or discrepancy in any document in the documents which form the *Contract*, that party shall give the *Independent Certifier* written notice of it. The *Independent Certifier*, thereupon, and upon otherwise becoming aware, shall direct the *Contractor* as to the interpretation and construction to be followed.

If any *direction* under this subclause directs that any discrepancy, ambiguity or discrepancy be resolved other than in accordance with the order of precedence in clause 5 of the *Formal Instrument of Agreement* and this causes the *Contractor* to incur more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred had the *direction* not been given, the *direction* shall be an *adjustment event* and the *Contractor* will be entitled to claim an adjustment to the *contract sum* in accordance with **clause 35A**.

Otherwise, the *Contractor* shall bear the cost of compliance with a *direction* under this subclause.

8.2 Principal-supplied documents

The *Principal* shall supply to the *Contractor* the documents and number of copies thereof, both stated in *Item* 16.

They shall:

- (a) remain the *Principal's* property and be returned to the *Principal* on written demand; and
- (b) not be used, copied nor reproduced for any purpose other than WUC.

8.3 Contractor-supplied documents

The *Contractor* shall supply to the *Independent Certifier* the documents and number of copies at the times or stages stated in *Item* 17.

Other documents and information required by the *Contract*, unless elsewhere stated in the *Contract*, shall be supplied not less than 14 days before the *work* described in the documents is commenced and shall be in a form satisfactory to the *Independent Certifier*.

If the *Contractor* submits a document to the *Independent Certifier*, then except where the *Contract* otherwise provides:

- (a) the *Independent Certifier* shall not be required to check that document for errors, omissions, inconsistencies, ambiguities, discrepancies or compliance with the *Contract*:
- (b) any *Independent Certifier's* acknowledgment, comment or approval shall not affect the warranties given by the *Contractor* or prejudice the *Contractor's* obligations under the *Contract*; and
- (c) if the *Contract* requires the *Contractor* to obtain the *Independent Certifier's direction* about that document, the *Independent Certifier* shall give, within the time stated in *Item* 18, the appropriate *direction*, including reasons if the document is not suitable.

The Contractor may rely on an Independent Certifier's direction to change any documents submitted to the Independent Certifier by the Contractor unless and until such direction is amended or overturned by a determination under clause 41 of this Contract. If:

- (a) a *direction* is made by the *Independent Certifier* to change a document submitted pursuant to this **subclause 8.3**;
- (b) the Contractor notifies the Independent Certifier in writing before any WUC is performed in reliance upon the changed document that it is of the view that the change was not necessary for compliance with the Contract and the Independent Certifier does not reverse the direction to change the relevant document (or does so after some WUC has been performed in reliance upon the direction of the Independent Certifier); and
- (c) the *directed* change is determined under **clause 41** of this Contract to have not been required for the relevant document to comply with the *Contract*, the *Independent Certifier's direction* under this clause shall be treated as an *adjustment event* under **clause 35A** (where the *Independent Certifier* reversed its *direction* after some *WUC* had been performed in reliance upon the *direction*, the *adjustment event* ends upon the *Independent Certifier's* reversal of the *direction*).

The Contractor's right under this **subclause 8.3** to rely on an *Independent Certifier's* direction does not limit or otherwise affect any warranty given by the Contractor under the Contract.

Copies of documents supplied by the *Contractor* shall be the *Principal's* property but shall not be used nor copied otherwise than for the use, repair, maintenance or alteration of *the Works*.

8.4 Availability

[AN note: amendments required as AN will not keep documents on site after the date of practical completion]

The *Contractor* shall keep available to the *Independent Certifier* and the *Principal* one complete set of documents affecting *WUC* (supplied by a party or the *Independent Certifier*):

- (a) on site, until the date of practical completion (or where there are separable portions, the last date of practical completion); and
- (b) at the *Contractor's* corporate office, for a period of 7 years after the *date of practical completion* (or where there are separable portions, the last *date of practical completion*).

8.5 Confidential information

[AN note: Amendments required to reflect the rights and obligations the parties have under the Transaction Documents with respect to confidentiality]

- (a) Without limiting the rights and obligations of either party under another *Transaction Document* with respect to confidentiality, a party (*'recipient'*):
 - (i) may use *confidential information* of the other party ('disclosing party') only for the purposes of the *Contract*; and
 - (ii) must keep confidential all *confidential information* of a *disclosing party* except for disclosures permitted under **subclause 8.5(b)**.
- (b) A recipient may disclose confidential information of a disclosing party:
 - (i) where disclosure is compelled by law;
 - (ii) where the *disclosing party* is seeking to have any *work* pre-approved by the *Access Regulator*, to the *Access Regulator*, or if disclosure is lawfully required by the *Access Regulator*;
 - (iii) to the *Independent Certifier*, *Principal's Engineer* or an independent expert appointed in accordance with this *Contract*;
 - (iv) to those employees and agents of the *recipient* who need to know or use *confidential information* of the *disclosing party*;
 - (v) where disclosure is authorised in writing by the disclosing party; or
 - (vi) where the information is in the public domain other than through a breach of this **subclause 8.5**.
- (c) This **subclause 8.5** shall survive the termination of the *Contract*.

8.6 Media

Neither party shall disclose any information concerning the project for distribution through any communications media without the other party's prior written approval (which shall not be unreasonably withheld).

8.7 Pricing information

[AN note: due to the sensitive nature of this information, AN does not permit the disclosure of pricing information to any Preference Unit Holders or Access Seekers and requires any other recipients of pricing information (ie Principal's employees and the Access Regulator) to be subject to confidentiality obligations prior to disclosure. Pricing information regarding a discretionary variation is addressed in clause 35]

- (a) The parties agree that other than in accordance with **subclauses 8.7(b)** to **8.7(e)** inclusive nothing in the *Contract* requires the *Contractor* to disclose *pricing information* in relation to the *contract sum* to the *Principal*, the *Independent Certifier*, the *Principal's Engineer* nor *Financier's Engineer* and the *Contractor* will not be required to disclose any *pricing information* in relation to the *contract sum* to the *Principal*, the *Independent Certifier*, the *Principal's Engineer* nor *Financier's Engineer*.
- (b) At the written request of the *Principal* the *Contractor* will disclose *pricing information* to the *Principal* if such disclosure is necessary for the *Principal* to assess or agree any *provisional sum* or the amount of any adjustment to the *contract sum* in respect of an *adjustment event* provided that:
 - (i) the *Principal* will only use the *pricing information* for the purposes described in subclause 8.7(b) and will not disclose *pricing information* to any person other than those employees and agents of the *Principal* who need to know or use that information in connection with those purposes; and
 - (ii) without limiting **subclause 8.7(b)(i)**, the *Principal* must not disclose *pricing* information to any *Preference Unit Holders* or *Access Seekers*.
- (c) At the written request of the *Independent Certifier* the *Contractor* will disclose *pricing information* to the *Independent Certifier* provided that such disclosure is necessary for the *Independent Certifier* to carry out the *Independent Certifier Services*.
- (d) At the written request of the *Access Regulator* the *Contractor* will disclose *pricing information* to the *Access Regulator* provided that:
 - (i) such disclosure is necessary for the *Access Regulator* to carry out its statutory functions as regulator in respect of the *Transaction Documents*; and
 - (ii) the Access Regulator first enters into a confidentiality agreement with the Contractor whereby the Access Regulator agrees to keep pricing information confidential in accordance with the terms of this **subclause 8.7**.
- (e) The parties agree that the *Independent Certifier* may share *pricing information* with the *Principal's Engineer* and *Financier's Engineer* if required by that person to properly carry out its duties, provided that the *Principal* will procure that the *Principal's Engineer* and *Financier's Engineer* do not share *pricing information* with any person other than the *Independent Certifier*.

9 Assignment and subcontracting

9.1 Assignment

Neither party shall, without the other's prior written approval (including approval of the terms of the assignment) assign the *Contract* or any payment or any other right, benefit or interest thereunder other than as permitted in accordance with the terms of clauses [11.4 and/or 11.5 of] the *Extension Project Agreement*.

9.2 Principal granting security

The *Contractor* consents to the *Principal* granting security over its rights under this *Contract* in accordance with clause [16.6] of the *Integrated Network Deed*.

9.3 Not used

9.4 Not used

9.5 Contractor's responsibility

Except where the *Contract* otherwise provides, the *Contractor* shall be liable to the *Principal* for the acts, defaults and omissions of *subcontractors* and employees and agents of *subcontractors* as if they were those of the *Contractor*.

10 Intellectual property rights

10.1 Warranties and indemnities

- (a) The *Principal* warrants that other than any design, materials, documents and methods of working warranted by the *Contractor* under **subclause 10.1(b)**, the *Principal's project requirements* shall not infringe any *intellectual property right*.
- (b) The Contractor warrants that any design, materials, documents and methods of working provided by the Contractor, including any provided to the Principal by or on behalf of the Contractor which form part of the Principal's project requirements), shall not infringe any intellectual property right. The Contractor must acquire sufficient intellectual property rights from subcontractors and suppliers to enable it to comply with this subclause.
- (c) Each party shall indemnify the other against such respective infringements.

10.2 Not used

11 Legislative requirements

11.1 Compliance

The Contractor shall satisfy all *legislative requirements* except those in *Item* 22(a) which are to be satisfied by or on behalf of the *Principal*.

The Contractor, upon finding that a *legislative requirement* is at variance with the Contract or the Principal's project requirements, shall as soon as reasonably practicable give the *Independent Certifier* and the Principal written notice thereof.

11.2 Changes

[AN note: in this pro-forma document AN does not consider it appropriate to require AN to price in the risk of unknown future events. No unnecessary risk contingency should be included in the contract sum and therefore AN should have an entitlement to claim an adjustment event for future changes in law]

If any change in a *legislative requirement*:

- (a) necessitates a change:
 - (i) to the Principal's project requirements;
 - (ii) to the Works;
 - (iii) to so much of WUC as is identified in Item 22(b);
 - (iv) to an order or award of the jurisdiction where *WUC* (or a particular part thereof) is being carried out;
 - (v) being the provision of services by a municipal, public or other statutory authority in connection with *WUC*; or
 - (vi) in a fee or charge or payment of a new fee or charge;
- (b) the change comes into effect between:
 - (i) the date of this Contract; and
 - (ii) the date of practical completion; and
- (c) causes the *Contractor* to incur more or less cost than otherwise would have been incurred.

that change will be treated as an *adjustment event* and the *Contractor* will be entitled to an adjustment to the *contract sum* in accordance with **clause 35A**.

11.3 Approvals

- (a) The Principal must obtain Principal's Approvals.
- (b) The *Contractor* shall obtain and maintain, at the *Contractor*'s cost and expense, all approvals (other than *Principal's Approvals*) necessary for the lawful design and construction of *the Works* and carrying out the *WUC*.

11.4 Workplace Health and Safety

- (a) For the purpose of this **subclause 11.4** the words "*Principal Contractor*", "*serious bodily injury*", "*work-related illness*" and "*work injury*" have the meanings assigned to them by the *WHS Act*.
- (b) On and from the date of this *Contract*, and from time to time during the term of the *Contract*, for each *work site*:
 - (i) the *Principal* shall appoint the *Contractor* (or a nominee of the *Contractor* identified by the *Contractor*) to be the *Principal Contractor* pursuant to the *WHS Act*;
 - (ii) the *Contractor* (or its nominee) shall be deemed to have accepted the appointment; and

- (iii) the Contractor (or its nominee) shall in respect of the work to be executed under the Contract be responsible for the performance of the functions of Principal Contractor at the relevant work site within the meaning of the WHS Act and regulations thereto.
- (c) If any person other than the *Contractor* or its nominee is appointed by the *Principal* as *Principal Contractor* for any *work site*:
 - (i) the *Principal* must consult with the *Contractor* prior to such appointment; and
 - (ii) the *Principal* must procure that the person so appointed carries out its functions as *Principal Contractor* in a manner which is not inconsistent with the *Contractor*'s role as *Rail Infrastructure Manager*.
- (d) An appointment of the *Contractor* (or its nominee) as *Principal Contractor* under the *WHS Act* shall continue during the currency of this *Contract* until the *date of practical completion* unless sooner suspended or revoked by the *Principal* giving notice in writing to the *Contractor* of its suspension or revocation, or by the *Principal* terminating this *Contract* pursuant to any provision of this *Contract* or according to law.
- (e) The Contractor shall notify the Independent Certifier and the Principal of every work-related illness, work injury or serious bodily injury which occurs on the site as soon as possible after such occurrence.

11.5 Rail safety

The Principal acknowledges and agrees:

- (a) the Contractor is the Rail Infrastructure Manager in respect of the railway, including the Works; and
- (b) it will (and ensure its employees, agents and other contractor's will) in respect of the performance of the *WUC* and the safe operation of the *site* comply with all directions on safety matters given by the *Contractor* to ensure compliance with its obligations as *Rail Infrastructure Manager*.

12 Protection of people and property

Insofar as compliance with the Contract permits, the Contractor shall:

- (a) take measures necessary to protect people and property;
- (b) avoid unnecessary interference with the passage of people and vehicles; and
- (c) prevent nuisance and unreasonable noise and disturbance.

If the *Contractor* damages property, the *Contractor* shall as soon as reasonably practicable rectify the damage and pay any compensation which the law requires the *Contractor* to pay.

13 Not used

14 Care of the work and reinstatement of damage

14.1 Care of WUC

Except as provided in subclause 14.3, the Contractor shall be responsible for care of:

- (a) the whole of *WUC* from and including the date of commencement of *WUC* to 4.00 pm on the *date of practical completion*, at which time responsibility for the care of *the Works* (except to the extent provided in **paragraph (b)**) shall pass to the *Principal*; and
- (b) outstanding *work* and items to be removed from the *site* by the *Contractor* after 4.00 pm on the *date of practical completion* until completion of outstanding *work* or compliance with **clauses 28**, **29** and **34**.

Without limiting the generality of **paragraph (a)**, the *Contractor* shall be responsible for the care of unfixed items accounted for in a *progress certificate* and the care and preservation of things entrusted to the *Contractor* by the *Principal* or brought onto the *site* by *subcontractors* for carrying out *WUC*.

14.2 Reinstatement

If loss or damage, other than that caused by an *excepted risk*, occurs to *WUC* during the period of the *Contractor's* care, the *Contractor* shall at its cost, rectify such loss or damage.

In the event of loss or damage being caused by any of the excepted risks (whether or not in combination with other risks), the Contractor shall to the extent directed by the Principal, rectify the loss or damage and any such work will be an adjustment event and will entitle the Contractor to an adjustment to the contract sum in accordance with clause 35A. If loss or damage is caused by a combination of excepted risks and other risks, the Independent Certifier in pricing the adjustment to the contract sum shall assess the proportional responsibility of the parties.

14.3 Excepted risks

The excepted risks causing loss or damage, for which the Principal is liable, are:

- (a) any negligent act or omission of the *Principal* or its consultants, agents, employees or other contractors (not being employed by the *Contractor*);
- (b) any risk specifically excepted elsewhere in the Contract;
- (c) terrorism, war, invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection or military or usurped power, martial law or confiscation by order of any Government or public authority;
- ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel not caused by the *Contractor* or its subcontractors or either's employees or agents;
- (e) use or occupation of any part of *WUC* by the *Principal* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Contractor*); and
- (f) defects in such part of the design of *WUC*, including the *preliminary design* provided by the *Principal*, as is not warranted under **clause 2**.

14.4 Title in the Works

Title in work, goods, components, parts or materials provided by the *Contractor* in the performance of the *WUC* shall pass to the *Principal* as soon as incorporated into the *Works*.

15 Damage to persons and property other than WUC

15.1 Indemnity by Contractor

Insofar as this **subclause 15.1** applies to property, it applies to property other than WUC.

The Contractor shall indemnify the Principal against:

- (a) loss of or damage to the Principal's property; and
- (b) claims in respect of personal injury or death or loss of, or damage to, any other property,

arising out of or as a consequence of the carrying out of *WUC*, but the indemnity shall be reduced proportionally to the extent that the act or omission of the *Principal* or its consultants, agents or other contractors (not being employed by the *Contractor*) may have contributed to the injury, death, loss or damage.

This subclause 15.1 shall not apply to:

- (a) the extent that the Contractor's liability is limited by another provision of the Contract;
- (b) exclude any other right of the *Principal* to be indemnified by the *Contractor*,
- (c) things for the care of which the *Contractor* is responsible under **subclause 14.1**; and
- (d) claims in respect of the *Principal's* right to have *WUC* carried out under an approval or permit obtained or to be obtained by the *Principal*.

15.2 Indemnity by Principal

The *Principal* shall indemnify the *Contractor* in respect of claims referred to in **subclause 15.1(d)**.

16 Public liability insurance

Before commencing *WUC*, the *Contractor* shall effect and maintain for the duration of the *Contract*, a *public liability policy*.

The policy shall:

- (a) be in the joint names of the parties;
- (b) cover the:
 - (i) respective rights and interests; and
 - (ii) liabilities to third parties,

of the parties, the *Independent Certifier*, *consultants* and *subcontractors* from time to time, whenever engaged in *WUC*;

- (c) cover the parties' respective liability to each other for loss or damage to property (other than property required to be insured by clause 16A) and the death of or injury to any person (other than liability which the law requires to be covered under a workers compensation insurance policy);
- (d) be endorsed to cover the use of any *construction plant* not covered under a comprehensive or third party motor vehicle insurance policy;
- (e) provide insurance cover for an amount in respect of any one occurrence of not less than the sum in *Item* **25**; and
- (f) be with an insurer and otherwise in terms both approved in writing by the *Principal* (which approvals shall not be unreasonably withheld). The parties agree that the insurance arrangements described in the *Insurance Schedule* are approved by the *Principal*.

16A Insurance of the Works

Before commencing *WUC*, the *Contractor* shall insure all the things referred to in **subclause 14.1** against loss or damage resulting from an insurable cause until the *Contractor* ceases to be responsible for their care.

Without limiting the generality of the obligation to insure, such insurance shall cover the *Contractor's* liability under **subclause 14.2** and things in storage off *site* and in transit to the *site* but may exclude:

- (g) the cost of making good fair wear and tear or gradual deterioration, but shall not exclude the loss or damage resulting therefrom;
- (h) the cost of making good faulty design, workmanship and materials, but shall not exclude the loss or damage resulting therefrom;
- (i) consequential loss of any kind, but shall not exclude loss of or damage to the Works;
- (j) damages for delay in completing or for the failure to complete the Works;
- (k) loss or damage resulting from ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel resulting from any cause; and
- (I) loss or damage resulting from the *excepted risks* referred to in **subclause 14.3**.

The insurance cover shall be for the amount specified in *Item* 23.

Insurance shall be in the joint names of the parties, shall cover the parties, *consultants* and *subcontractors* whenever engaged in *WUC* for their respective rights, interests and liabilities and, except where the *Contract* otherwise provides, shall be with an insurer and in terms both approved in writing by the *Principal* (which approvals shall not be unreasonably withheld). The parties agree that the insurance arrangements described in the *Insurance Schedule* are approved by the *Principal*.

The insurance shall be maintained until the *Contractor* ceases to be responsible under **subclause 14.1** for the care of *the Works*.

16B Professional indemnity insurance

Before commencing *WUC*, the *Contractor* shall effect and maintain professional indemnity insurance with levels of cover not less than stated in *Item* **24(a)**.

The insurance shall be maintained until the *final certificate* is issued and thereafter for the period as stated in *Item* 24(b).

The *Contractor* shall ensure that every *consultant*, if within a category stated in *Item* **24(c)**, shall effect and maintain professional indemnity insurance with levels of cover not less than stated in *Item* **24(c)** applicable to that category.

Each such *consultant's* professional indemnity insurance shall be maintained until the *final certificate* is issued and thereafter for the period as stated in *Item* **24(d)**.

17 Insurance of employees

Before commencing *WUC*, the *Contractor* shall insure against statutory and common law liability for death of or injury to persons employed by the *Contractor*. The insurance cover shall be maintained until completion of all *WUC*.

Where permitted by law, the insurance policy or policies shall be extended to provide indemnity for the *Principal's* statutory liability to the *Contractor's* employees.

The *Contractor* shall ensure that all *consultants* and *subcontractors* have similarly insured their employees.

18 Inspection and provisions of insurance policies

18.1 Proof of insurance

Before the *Contractor* commences *WUC* and whenever reasonably requested by the *Principal*, the *Contractor* shall provide to the *Principal* certificates of currency in respect of insurance required to be effected and maintained by the *Contractor* under this *Contract*.

Insurance shall not limit liabilities or obligations under other provisions of the Contract.

18.2 Not used

18.3 Notices from or to insurer

Except for insurance of employees as required by **clause 17**, the *Contractor* shall ensure that each insurance policy contains provisions which:

- (a) requires the insurer to inform both parties, whenever the insurer gives a party or a *consultant* or a *subcontractor* a notice in connection with the policy;
- (b) provides that a notice of claim given to the insurer by either party, the *Independent Certifier*, a *consultant* or a *subcontractor* shall be accepted by the insurer as a notice of claim given by both parties, the *Independent Certifier*, the *consultant* and the *subcontractor*, and
- (c) requires the insurer, whenever the *Contractor* fails to maintain the policy, promptly to give written notice thereof to both parties and prior to cancellation of the policy.

18.4 Notices of potential claims

The *Contractor* shall, as soon as practicable, inform the *Principal* in writing of any occurrence that may give rise to a claim under an insurance policy required by **clauses 16A** or **16** and shall keep the *Principal* informed of subsequent developments concerning the claim. The *Contractor* shall ensure that *consultants* and *subcontractors* in respect of their operations similarly inform the parties.

18.5 Settlement of claims

Upon settlement of a claim under the insurance required by clause 16A:

- (a) to the extent that reinstatement has been the subject of a payment or allowance by the Principal to the Contractor, if the Contractor has not completed such reinstatement, insurance moneys received shall, if requested by either party, be paid into an agreed bank account in the joint names of the parties. As the Contractor reinstates the loss or damage, the Independent Certifier shall certify against the joint account for the cost of reinstatement; and
- (b) to the extent that reinstatement has not been the subject of a payment or allowance by the *Principal* to the *Contractor*, the *Contractor* shall be entitled immediately to receive from insurance moneys received, the amount of such moneys so paid in relation to any loss suffered by the *Contractor*.

18.6 Cross liability

Any insurance required to be effected in joint names in accordance with the *Contract* shall include a cross liability clause in which the insurer agrees to waive all rights of subrogation or action against any of the persons constituting the insured and for the purpose of which the insurer accepts the term 'insured' as applying to each of the persons constituting the insured as if a separate policy of insurance had been issued to each of them (subject always to the overall sum insured not being increased thereby).

19 Independent Certifier

- (a) Unless appointed prior to the date of this *Contract*, the *Independent Certifier* will, as soon as possible after the date of this *Contract*, be appointed (jointly) by the parties and the *Access Regulator* under the *Independent Certifier Deed* to carry out the *Independent Certifier Services*.
- (b) The Contractor and the Principal agree that the form of Independent Certifier Deed at Annexure Part K is agreed as between the Contractor and the Principal and that the Contractor and the Principal must act reasonably in consenting or refusing consent to any proposed changes to the form of Independent Certifier Deed at Annexure Part K sought by a party, the Access Regulator or the proposed Independent Certifier.
- (c) The *Principal* and the *Contractor* acknowledge and agree that the *Independent Certifier* must act fairly, reasonably, honestly, independently and in accordance with the timeframes and requirements set out in this *Contract* in carrying out the functions required of the *Independent Certifier* under this *Contract*, including the terms and scope of services set out in the *Independent Certifier Deed*.

- (d) The costs of the *Independent Certifier* will be borne by the *Principal*. For the avoidance of doubt, such costs have not been allowed for in the *contract sum*.
- (e) If the Independent Certifier Deed is terminated for any reason, the Independent Certifier retires, resigns or goes on extended leave or the Independent Certifier is unable to continue in that role for any reason, the Principal and the Contractor will appoint another person on substantially the same terms as the terms of the Independent Certifier Deed and the Principal and the Contractor will enter into an Independent Certifier Deed with that replacement or new Independent Certifier.
- (f) If the replacement *Independent Certifier* has not been appointed within 20 *business* days of the date on which a replacement is proposed by a party, the parties will accept the appointment of the person nominated by the *Access Regulator* and that person will be appointed *Independent Certifier* in accordance with this **clause 19**.

20 Not used

21 Representatives

- (a) Each of the *Principal* and the *Contractor*:
 - (i) will ensure a person is appointed as its representative under this Contract;
 - (ii) may (subject to **subclause 21(a)(iii)**) at any time replace any person appointed as its representative, in which event that party will appoint another person as its representative; and
 - (iii) must give 5 *business days* prior written notice of a replacement under **subclause 21(a)(ii)** to the other party and the *Independent Certifier*.
- (b) Each of the *Principal* and the *Contractor* appoint the persons named in *Item* **25A** as their representatives at the date of this *Contract*.
- (c) A representative appointed by a party under this clause 21:
 - (i) will be authorised to act on behalf of that party in enforcing its rights and discharging its obligations under this *Contract*; and
 - (ii) matters within that representative's knowledge shall be deemed to be within the knowledge of the party which appointed it.

22 Not used

23 Site

23.1 Access and possession

Subject to **subclause 35A.3**, the *Contractor* has and agrees to maintain sufficient possession of the *site* to enable the *Contractor* to carry out and complete the *WUC* on the *site*.

The *Principal* acknowledges and agrees that, subject to the following paragraph, the *Contractor* may, prior to the *date of practical completion*, use (at the *Contractor*'s risk, including in relation to its own losses and liabilities and in relation to any damage to the *Works* caused by such use) for the purpose of running trains on the operational railway network such parts of the *Works* which:

- (a) interface with the operational railway network; and
- (b) the *Contractor* (in its capacity as "Rail Infrastructure Manager") has certified is ready to enter operational service.

[AN note: the wording below unduly restricts AN's ability to manage and operate its network. The insurance requirements for the running of trains are separately addressed in the EISL]

23.2 Access for Principal and others

The *Principal* and the *Principal*'s employees, consultants and agents (including the *Principal*'s *Engineer*) may at any time after reasonable written notice to the *Contractor* have access to any part of the *site* for the purpose of inspecting the progress of the *WUC* in accordance with the *Landholder Requirements* under the *Rail Corridor Agreement*.

The Contractor shall at all reasonable times give the Independent Certifier access to WUC.

The *Principal* shall ensure that none of the persons referred to in this **subclause 23.2** impedes the *Contractor*.

23.3 Minerals, fossils and relics

Valuable minerals, fossils, articles or objects of antiquity or of anthropological or archaeological interest, treasure trove, coins and articles of value found on the *site* shall as between the parties be and remain the property of the *Principal*. Immediately upon the discovery of these things the *Contractor* shall:

- (a) take precautions to prevent their loss, removal or damage; and
- (b) give the *Independent Certifier* written notice of the discovery.

Encountering such objects shall be an *adjustment event* and any costs so incurred by the *Contractor* under this **subclause 23.3** shall entitle the *Contractor* to an adjustment to the *contract sum* in accordance with **clause 35A**.

24 Latent conditions

24.1 Scope

Latent conditions are physical conditions on the *site* and its near surrounds, including artificial things but excluding weather conditions, which differ materially from the *baseline site* conditions.

24.2 Notification

The *Contractor*, upon becoming aware of a *latent condition* while carrying out *WUC*, shall promptly, and where possible before the *latent condition* is disturbed, give the *Independent Certifier* written notice of the general nature thereof.

If required by the *Independent Certifier* promptly after receiving that notice, the *Contractor* shall, as soon as practicable, give the *Independent Certifier* a written statement of:

- (a) the *latent condition* encountered and the respects in which it differs materially from the *baseline site conditions*;
- (b) the additional *work*, resources, time and cost which the *Contractor* estimates to be necessary to deal with the *latent condition*; and
- (c) other details reasonably required by the *Independent Certifier*.

The parties agree that if the *Contractor* provides a notice under **subclause 35A.2(a)(i)** in respect of a *latent condition* it will be taken to have satisfied the requirement to make a written statement under this **subclause 24.2**.

24.3 Adjustment Event

Encountering a *latent condition* shall be an *adjustment event* and shall entitle the *Contractor* to an adjustment to the *contract sum* in accordance with **clause 35A**.

24.4 Baseline conditions

The *Contractor* confirms that all work necessary to overcome all *baseline site conditions* so that *the Works* are completed in accordance with the *Contract* has been allowed for in the *contract sum* and the *baseline program*.

25 Not Used

[AN note: Refer to our comment at clause 2.2(b) above. All references to a capacity guarantee have been removed from the contract]

25A Contamination

[AN note: clause 25A(a)(i) imposes a standard which is not possible to implement in practice. The same substantive issue was already addressed by clause 25A(a)(ii) and therefore clause 25A(a)(i) has been deleted and the wording of subclause 25A(a)(ii) retained as an amended 25A(a)]

- (a) The *Contractor* shall comply, and ensure its employees, *subcontractors* and suppliers comply, with all *legislative requirements* in relation to *contamination*.
- (b) Should any *contamination* on, under or emanating from the *site*:
 - (i) be disturbed or exacerbated by the carrying out of the WUC; or
 - (ii) otherwise arise out of or in connection with the course of the *WUC*,

the Contractor shall:

- (iii) give the *Independent Certifier* written notice providing details of the nature of the contamination:
- (iv) dispose of, or otherwise deal with, such *contamination* in accordance with any *legislative requirements*; and

- (v) remediate the *site* and any other affected areas in accordance with any applicable *legislative requirements*.
- (c) The *Contractor* confirms all work necessary to overcome and remove or remediate baseline contamination, as required by this **clause 25A**, has been allowed for in the contract sum and the baseline program.
- (d) The parties agree that:
 - (i) the *Principal* takes the risk of any *contamination* which is *unexpected* contamination, other than *unexpected contamination* which is caused by the negligence or breach of this *Contract* by the *Contractor*; and
 - (ii) removing or remediating unexpected contamination (or otherwise incurring increased costs as a result of encountering unexpected contamination), other than unexpected contamination which is caused by the negligence or breach of this Contract by the Contractor, will be an adjustment event and the Contractor will be entitled to claim an adjustment to the contract sum in accordance with clause 35A.

26 Cleaning up

The *Contractor* shall keep the *site* and *WUC* clean and tidy and regularly remove rubbish and surplus material.

Within 14 days after the *date of practical completion*, the *Contractor* shall remove *temporary works* and *construction plant*. The *Independent Certifier* may extend the time to enable the *Contractor* to perform remaining obligations.

If the *Contractor* fails to comply with the preceding obligations in this clause, the *Independent Certifier* may direct the *Contractor* to rectify the non-compliance and the time for rectification.

27 Materials, labour and construction plant

Except where the *Contract* otherwise provides, the *Contractor* shall supply everything necessary for the proper performance of the *Contractor's* obligations and discharge of the *Contractor's* liabilities.

In respect of any materials, machinery or equipment to be supplied by the *Contractor* in connection with the *Contract*, the *Independent Certifier* may direct the *Contractor* to:

- (a) supply particulars of the mode and place of manufacture, the source of supply, the performance capacities and other related information; and
- (b) arrange reasonable inspection at such place or sources by the *Independent Certifier*, the *Principal* and persons authorised by the *Principal*.

28 Quality

28.1 Quality of material and work

Unless otherwise provided, the *Contractor* shall use suitable new materials and proper and tradesmanlike workmanship.

28.2 Quality assurance

If the Contract elsewhere requires further quality assurance, the Contractor shall:

- (a) plan, establish and maintain a conforming quality system; and
- (b) ensure that the *Independent Certifier* has access to the quality system of the *Contractor*, *consultants* and *subcontractors* so as to enable monitoring and quality auditing.

Any such quality system shall be used only as an aid to achieving compliance with the *Contract* and to document such compliance. Such system shall not discharge the *Contractor's* other obligations under the *Contract*.

28.3 Defective work

If the *Independent Certifier* becomes aware of *work* done (including material provided) by the *Contractor* which does not comply with the *Contract*, the *Independent Certifier* shall as soon as practicable give the *Contractor* written details thereof. If the subject *work* has not been rectified, the *Independent Certifier* may direct the *Contractor* to do any one or more of the following at the *Contractor*'s cost (including times for commencement and completion):

- (a) remove the material from the site;
- (b) demolish the work;
- (c) redesign, reconstruct, replace or correct the work; and
- (d) not deliver it to the site.

28.4 Acceptance of defective work

Instead of a *direction* pursuant to **subclause 28.3**, the *Principal* may direct the *Contractor* that the *Principal* elects to accept the subject *work*, and such direction will be an *adjustment event* and the *Independent Certifier* may adjust the *contract sum* accordingly.

28.5 Timing

The *Independent Certifier* or the Principal, as applicable, may give a *direction* pursuant to this clause at any time before the expiry of the last *defects rectification period*.

29 Examination and testing

29.1 Tests

At any time before the expiry of the last *defects rectification period*, the *Independent Certifier* may (acting reasonably) direct that any *WUC* be tested. The *Contractor* shall give such assistance and samples and make accessible such parts of *WUC* as may be directed by the *Independent Certifier*.

29.2 Covering up

The *Independent Certifier* may direct that any part of *WUC* shall not be covered up or made inaccessible without the *Independent Certifier*'s prior written *direction*.

29.3 Who conducts

Tests shall be conducted as provided elsewhere in the *Contract* or by the *Independent Certifier* or a person (which may include the *Contractor*) nominated by the *Independent Certifier*.

29.4 Notice

The *Independent Certifier* or the *Contractor* (whichever is to conduct the *test*) shall give reasonable written notice to the other of the date, time and place of the *test*. If the other does not attend, the *test* may nevertheless proceed.

29.5 Delay

Without prejudice to any other right, if the *Contractor* or the *Independent Certifier* delays in conducting a *test*, the other, after giving reasonable written notice of intention to do so, may conduct the *test*.

29.6 Completion and results

On completion of the *tests*, the *Contractor* shall make good *WUC* so that it fully complies with the *Contract*.

Results of *tests* shall be promptly made available by each party to the other and to the *Independent Certifier*.

29.7 Costs

Costs in connection with testing pursuant to this **clause 29** shall be borne by the *Principal* except where the *Contract* otherwise provides or the *test* is consequent upon, or reveals a failure of the *Contractor* to comply with the *Contract* (including this **clause 29**).

30 Working hours

If the working hours and working days on the *site* are not stated elsewhere in the *Contract*, they shall be as notified by the *Contractor* to the *Independent Certifier* before commencement of *work* on *site*.

31 Programming

The *Contractor* has prepared the *baseline program* and the *baseline program* is the program for the *WUC* at the date of this *Contract*.

The *Contractor* will update the *baseline program* to take into account any *EOTs* approved by the *Independent Certifier* in accordance with this *Contract*. The Contractor must provide a copy of such updated baseline program to the *Independent Certifier* promptly.

The *Independent Certifier* may have regard to the *baseline program* when assessing claims for *EOTs* under the *Contract*.

32 Suspension

32.1 Independent Certifier's suspension

The *Independent Certifier* may direct the *Contractor* to suspend the carrying out of the whole or any part of *WUC* for such time as the *Independent Certifier* thinks fit, if the *Independent Certifier* is of the opinion that it is necessary:

- (a) as a result of a material breach of this *Contract* by the *Contractor* (or a *consultant*, a *subcontractor* or the employees or agents of any of the *Contractor*); or
- (b) to comply with a court order.

32.1A Principal's suspension

Without limiting **subclause 32.1**, where the *Principal* has a right under and in accordance with [clause 7.5(a)(iv)] of the *Unit Holders Deed* to suspend the *Contractor's* performance of this *Contract*, the *Principal* may direct the *Contractor* to suspend the carrying out of the whole or any part of the *WUC*.

32.2 Contractor's suspension

Without prejudice to its rights under **subclause 38.9**, the *Contractor* may suspend the carrying out of the whole or any part of the *WUC* if the *Principal* fails to make any payment to the *Contractor* which is due under the *Contract*, provided that the *Contractor* has given 10 *business days* prior notice to the *Principal* and the *Independent Certifier* that it intends to suspend its performance in accordance with this **subclause 32.2**, and the *Principal* has failed to remedy the relevant breach of this *Contract* in that period.

32.3 Recommencement

- (a) Where the *WUC* has been suspended in accordance with **subclause 32.1**, as soon as the *Independent Certifier* becomes aware that the reason for any suspension no longer exists, the *Independent Certifier* shall direct the *Contractor* to recommence suspended *WUC* as soon as reasonably practicable.
- (b) Subject to **subclause 32.5**, where the *WUC* has been suspended in accordance with **subclause 32.1A**, the *Principal* may direct the *Contractor* to recommence the *WUC* at any time on giving reasonable notice to the *Contractor* and *Independent Certifier*.
- (c) Where the *WUC* has been suspended in accordance with **subclause 32.2**, the *Contractor* will, as soon as reasonably practicable in the prevailing circumstances, recommence *WUC* suspended when the *Principal* has remedied the breach which gave rise to the *Contractor's* rights to suspend under **subclause 32.2**.

32.4 Cost

The *Principal* shall bear the cost of suspension pursuant to **subclause 32.1(b)** (save where the relevant court order is the result of a negligent act, negligent omission or breach of contract by the *Contractor*), **subclause 32.1A**, **subclause 32.2** or **subclause 35A.3(a)(i)** and the *Contractor* will be entitled to claim:

- (a) an EOT in accordance with subclause 33.5; and
- (b) an adjustment event in accordance with clause 35A,

as a result of such suspension.

32.5 Termination by Contractor

- (a) If the *Principal* has suspended performance of whole or part of the *WUC* under **subclause 32.1A**, and the suspension continues for a period of 180 (one hundred and eighty) *business days*, the *Contractor* may elect, by written notice to the *Principal*, to terminate this *Contract* on the date specified in such notice, subject to the provisions of **clause 39B**.
- (b) Where the *Contractor* terminates this *Contract* under this **subclause 32.5**, it will be entitled to compensation from the *Principal* in accordance with **subclause 39.2**.

33 Time and progress

33.1 Progress

The Contractor shall ensure that WUC reaches practical completion by the date for practical completion.

33.2 Notice of delay

A party becoming aware of anything which will probably cause delay to *WUC* shall promptly give the *Independent Certifier* and the other party written notice of that cause and the estimated delay.

33.3 Claim

The *Contractor* shall be entitled to such extension of time for carrying out *WUC* (including reaching *practical completion*) as the *Independent Certifier* assesses ('*EOT*'), if:

- (a) the Contractor is or will be delayed in reaching practical completion by a qualifying cause of delay; and
- (b) the Contractor gives the Independent Certifier, within 28 days of when the Contractor should reasonably have become aware of that causation occurring, a written claim for an EOT evidencing the facts of causation and of the delay to WUC (including extent).

If further delay results from a *qualifying cause of delay* evidenced in a claim under **paragraph (b)** of this **subclause**, the *Contractor* shall claim an *EOT* for such delay by as soon as reasonably practicable giving the *Independent Certifier* a written claim evidencing the facts of that delay.

33.4 Assessment

When both non-qualifying and *qualifying causes of delay* overlap, the *Independent Certifier* shall apportion the resulting delay to *WUC* according to the respective causes' contribution.

In assessing each *EOT* the *Independent Certifier* shall disregard questions of whether:

- (a) WUC can nevertheless reach practical completion without an EOT; or
- (b) the Contractor can accelerate,

but shall have regard to what prevention and mitigation of the delay has not been effected by the *Contractor*.

33.5 Extension of time

Within 28 days after receiving the *Contractor's* claim for an *EOT*, the *Independent Certifier* shall give to the *Contractor* and the *Principal* a written *direction* evidencing the *EOT* so assessed. If the *Independent Certifier* does not do so, there shall be a deemed assessment and *direction* for an *EOT* as claimed.

Notwithstanding that the *Contractor* is not entitled to or has not claimed an *EOT*, the *Principal* may at any time and from time to time before issuing the *final certificate* direct an *EOT*.

33.5A Determination of disputes

If either party is not satisfied with the *Independent Certifier's* written *direction* under **subclause 33.5** it may refer the matter for resolution under **subclause 41.3**.

33.5B Joint claims and assessment

- (a) Any claim for an EOT made by the Contractor under subclause 33.3 may, at the Contractor's election, be made jointly with a claim for an adjustment to the contract sum under clause 35A, (a 'joint claim') provided that each claim relates to the same subject matter. Any claim for an EOT (whether or not it is part of a joint claim) arising out of or in connection with an adjustment event is subject to subclause 35A.2(d). Where there is any inconsistency between a claim procedure requirement in subclause 33.5 and in subclause 35A.2(a), the stricter requirement will apply.
- (b) Where the *Contractor* makes a *joint claim* the *Independent Certifier* will assess each claim comprising the *joint claim* together and any determination made by the *Independent Certifier* concerning a *joint claim* must determine the matters arising in respect of all other claims comprising that *joint claim*.
- (c) The parties agree that:
 - (i) any dispute between the parties which concerns a claim under a joint claim will, at the election of either party, include any matters in dispute in respect of the other claims comprising the joint claim; and
 - (ii) if a party makes an election under **subclause 33.5B(c)(i)**, matters in dispute in respect of each claim comprising a *joint claim* will be treated as a single *dispute* for the purposes of **clause 41**.

33.6 Practical completion

The *Contractor* shall give the *Independent Certifier* at least 14 days written notice of the date upon which the *Contractor* anticipates that *practical completion* will be reached.

When the *Contractor* is of the opinion that *practical completion* has been reached, the *Contractor* shall in writing request the *Independent Certifier* to issue a *certificate of practical completion*. Within 14 days after receiving the request, the *Independent Certifier* shall give the *Contractor* and the *Principal* either a *certificate of practical completion* evidencing the *date of practical completion* or written reasons for not doing so.

If within 14 days of receiving a request under this **subclause 33.6** to issue a *certificate of practical completion* the *Independent Certifier* fails to either:

- (a) issue a *certificate of practical completion* evidencing the *date of practical completion*; or
- (b) provide written reasons for not doing so,

either party may refer the matter for determination by expert determination under **subclause 41.3**.

If the *Independent Certifier* is of the opinion that *practical completion* has been reached, the *Independent Certifier* may issue a *certificate of practical completion* even though no request has been made.

33.7 Liquidated damages - practical completion

- (a) If WUC does not reach practical completion by the date for practical completion, the Independent Certifier shall certify, as due and payable to the Principal, liquidated damages in Item 29(a) for every day after the date for practical completion to and including the earliest of the date of practical completion or termination of the Contract.
- (b) For the avoidance of doubt, liquidated damages for delay (at the rate identified in *Item* 29(a)) will accrue and be payable separately and cumulatively for each *separable* portion.
- (c) If an *EOT* is directed after the *Contractor* has paid or the *Principal* has set off liquidated damages, the *Principal* shall forthwith repay to the *Contractor* such of those liquidated damages as represent the days the subject of the *EOT*.
- (d) The *Contractor's* maximum aggregate liability to the *Principal* for liquidated damages payable under this **subclause 33.7** is limited to the amount stated in *Item* **29(b)**.
- (e) The amount of liquidated damages payable under this **subclause 33.7** shall be the *Principal's* sole and exclusive remedy for *the Works* not reaching *practical completion* by the *date for practical completion*.

33.8 Acknowledgement

Without limiting subclauses 33.7(d) and 33.7(e), the Contractor acknowledges that:

- (a) the *Principal* has obligations pursuant to the *Extension Project Agreement* in connection with the completion of the *Works*;
- (b) the *Principal* will suffer a loss if the Works not reaching practical completion by the date for practical completion; and
- (c) the liquidated damages for delay (at the rate identified in *Item* **29(a)**) represent a genuine pre-estimate of the *Principal's* loss in the event that the *Works* do not reach *practical completion* by the *date for practical completion*.

33.9 Delay damages

(a) Subject to **subclause 33.9(b)**, for every day the subject of an *EOT* for a *compensable* cause and for which the *Contractor* gives the *Independent Certifier* a claim for delay damages pursuant to **subclause 40.1**, damages equal to the *Contractor's* actual direct costs of the delay (plus a mark up for profit and overhead) certified by the *Independent Certifier* under **subclause 40.3** shall be due and payable to the *Contractor*.

[AN note: drafting clarification required to clarify the intention of this clause, which AN assumes is to restrict AN from being able to recover twice for the same loss]

(b) When a *compensable cause* is also an *adjustment event*, the *Contractor* may not claim as delay damages amounts which have been paid in respect of an *adjustment event*.

34 Defects liability

34.1 Defect rectification

The *Contractor* shall carry out rectification at times and in a manner causing as little inconvenience to the occupants or users of *the Works* as is reasonably possible.

As soon as possible after the *date of practical completion*, the *Contractor* shall rectify all *defects* existing at the *date of practical completion*.

On and from the date of practical completion until expiry of the defects rectification period, the Independent Certifier may give the Contractor a direction to add a defect to the defects register which direction:

- (a) shall identify the *defect* and the date for completion of its rectification; and
- (b) may state a date for commencement of the rectification.

The Contractor shall rectify each defect which is (or ought to have been if the Contractor had complied with its obligations under **subclause 34.2(a)**) recorded in the defects register promptly after the later of the date of practical completion and becoming aware of the defect.

34.2 Defects register

- (a) The *Contractor* must prepare and maintain a written register ('defects register') which records:
 - (i) each defect which the *Contractor* becomes aware of during the *defects* rectification period (including as a result of a notification from the *Principal* or *Independent Certifier* that a *defect* exists); and
 - (ii) for each *defect* referred to in **subclause 34.2(a)(i)**:
 - (A) the date on which the Contractor became aware of the defect;
 - (B) reasonable details of all steps taken by the *Contractor* to procure the rectification of the *defect* in accordance with the *Contractor's* obligation under **subclause 34.1**; and
 - (C) if applicable, the date on which the *defect* was rectified.
- (b) Within 15 business days after the end of:
 - (i) each month during the *defects rectification period*; and
 - (ii) the defects rectification period,

the *Contractor* must give to the *Principal* and the *Independent Certifier* a copy of the *defects register* (current as at the end of the relevant month or at the end of the *defects rectification period*, as applicable).

35 Discretionary Variations

35.1 Proposing discretionary variations

- (a) The *Contractor* shall not vary *WUC* other than as directed under this **clause 35** or in accordance with **clause 35A**.
- (b) At any time prior to the *date of practical completion* a party may by notice to the other party and the *Independent Certifier* propose to vary *WUC* by any one or more of the following:
 - (i) increase, decrease or omit any part;
 - (ii) change the character or quality;
 - (iii) change the levels, lines, positions or dimensions;
 - (iv) carry out additional work; or
 - (v) demolish or remove material or *work* no longer required by the *Principal*,
 - (a 'discretionary variation').

35.2 Notice

- (a) Within 10 business days of the Principal providing a notice under subclause 35.1(b), the Contractor shall notify the Principal and the Independent Certifier whether it agrees in principle (subject to the provisions of this clause 35) to proceed with the proposed discretionary variation and if so, whether the proposed discretionary variation can be effected. If the Contractor does not provide such notice, it shall be deemed that the Contractor does not agree with the proposed discretionary variation.
- (b) If the *Contractor* has stated in its notice under **subclause 35.2(a)** that it will proceed with the *discretionary variation*, within 20 *business days* of that notice the *Contractor* will provide to the *Principal* and the *Independent Certifier* an estimate of the:
 - (i) effect on the *program* (including the *date for practical completion*) of the proposed *discretionary variation*; and
 - (ii) cost (including all warranties and time-related costs, if any) of the proposed discretionary variation.
- (c) If the *Contractor* proposes the *discretionary variation* under **subclause 35.1(b)**, it will include with its notice under that subclause that same information it is to provide to the *Principal* under **subclause 35.2(b)**.
- (d) Within [x] business days of the Contractor's estimate under subclauses 35.2(b) or 35.2(c), the Principal and the Contractor will meet to discuss whether to proceed with the discretionary variation and if the parties do agree to proceed, then the matter shall be referred to the Independent Certifier for certification in accordance with subclause 35.3.

35.3 Certification of agreement to proceed

(a) Notwithstanding that the *Principal* and the *Contractor* have reached agreement to proceed with a *discretionary variation* under **subclause 35.2(d)**, neither party will be obliged to proceed with that *discretionary variation* until:

- (i) the agreement of the parties has been referred to the *Independent Certifier* for certification and the *Independent Certifier* has certified that the adjustment to the *contract sum* agreed by the parties is reasonable in the circumstances; and
- (ii) each of the *Principal* and the *Contractor* have stated in writing that it accepts the *Independent Certifier's* certification under **subclause 35.3(a)(i)**.
- (b) The *Independent Certifier* will make its certification under **subclause 35.3(a)(i)** within [x] business days of the submission of the parties' agreement under **subclause 35.2(d)**.
- (c) The *Independent Certifier's* certification under **subclause 35.3(a)(i)** will (if accepted by the parties) be effective to:
 - (i) vary the *Principal's project requirements* to take into account the *discretionary* variation:
 - (ii) vary the date for practical completion in accordance with that agreement; and
 - (iii) adjust the *contract sum* in accordance with the *Independent Certifier's* certification.
- (d) If the parties do not accept the *Independent Certifier's* certification under **subclause 35.3(a)(i)**, they may still agree to proceed with the *discretionary variation* and the *contract sum* will be adjusted by an amount as agreed between them and the *Principal's project requirements* and the *date for practical completion* will be varied accordingly.

35.4 Not Used [AN note: this clause has been moved to subclause 35A.4(c)]

35A Adjustment Events

35A.1 Adjustment events

Each of the following is an adjustment event:

- (a) any act of prevention, negligent act, negligent omission or breach of this Contract by the Independent Certifier (its agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors or consultants), the Principal (its agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors or consultants, other than the Contractor), except where the act of prevention, negligence or the breach is due to the Contractor's failure to comply with its obligations under this Contract or some other wrongful act or omission of the Contractor or its agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors or consultants;
- (b) any delay (except to the extent contributed to by the *Contractor*) in providing the Contractor with access to port or other coal supply chain land or infrastructure, where the provision of such is required to be completed in order for the Contractor to commence or carry out the WUC;
- (c) industrial action other than industrial action which is specific to the *site* or which is limited to the *Contractor's* employees;
- (d) inclement weather which affects part or all of the site or delays or disrupts the WUC;

- (e) delay or disruption to the *WUC* which occurs as a result of either the *Principal* or *Contractor* complying with an injunction or other court order in relation to the *site* or the *WUC* (other than where caused by the default or negligence of the *Contractor*);
- (f) any delay by the *Principal* in providing access to the *site* for the *Contractor* to commence or carry out the *WUC* (if so required by the *Contract*);
- (g) a latent condition that is an adjustment event pursuant to subclause 24.3;
- (h) an *unexpected contamination* that is an *adjustment event* pursuant to **subclause 25A(d)(ii)**);
- (i) a force majeure event that is an adjustment event pursuant to **subclause 39A(a)**;
- (j) a change in *legislative requirements* that is an *adjustment event* pursuant to **subclause 11.2**;
- (k) a suspension that is an adjustment event pursuant to subclause 32.4(b); and
- (I) any other matter expressly identified in this *Contract* as an *adjustment event* which gives the *Contractor* an entitlement to an adjustment to the *contract sum*.

35A.2 Notification of an adjustment event

[AN note: amended to clarify process where Contractor does not yet know the full extent of the impact of the Adjustment Event]

- (a) To make a claim on any basis for or arising out of an *adjustment event* (including a claim for an *EOT*), the *Contractor* must:
 - (i) within 14 days of when the *Contractor* becomes aware (or ought reasonably have become aware) of the *adjustment event*, deliver a notice in writing to the *Principal* and the *Independent Certifier*:
 - (A) notifying the adjustment event;
 - (B) providing details of the adjustment event; and
 - (C) stating all actions the *Contractor* proposes to take to mitigate the adverse consequences of the *adjustment event*;
 - (ii) within 42 days of when the *Contractor* becomes aware (or ought reasonably have become aware) of the *adjustment event*, submit a written claim for the *adjustment event* that includes detailed particulars (to the extent known at that time) of the *adjustment event*, including:
 - (A) the adjustment event and its cause;
 - (B) any change required to the *WUC* to overcome the effects of the *adjustment event*;
 - (C) any omission or addition to *the Works* which may be required as a result of the *adjustment event*;
 - (D) any modification required to the *Principal's project requirements* which may be required as a result of the *adjustment event*;
 - (E) any adjustment to the *contract sum* required as a result of the above;

- (F) where the Contractor elects to make a joint claim, the number of days EOT claimed together with the basis of calculating that period, including evidence that the Contractor has been or will be delayed in reaching practical completion); and
- (G) states the measures that the *Contractor* has taken or proposes to take to mitigate the adverse consequences of the *adjustment event*; and
- (iii) if the *adjustment event* or its effects continue beyond the period of 42 days after the commencement of the *adjustment event*, submit a further written claim for the *adjustment event*:
 - (A) every 28 days (or such other period as the parties may agree) after the first claim submitted under subclause 35A.2(a)(ii) until 7 days after the end of the effects of the adjustment event; and
 - (B) containing the information required by clause subclause 35A.2(a)(ii).
- (b) A claim under **subclause 35A.2(a)** may be submitted as part of a *joint claim*.
- (c) The *Contractor* must as soon as practicable after the commencement of an *adjustment* event, use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate the adverse consequences of the adjustment event.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this *Contract*, compliance by the *Contractor* with **subclause 35A.2(a)** is condition precedent to any entitlement of the *Contractor* to claim adjustment to the *contract sum* or an *EOT* arising out of or in connection with an *adjustment event*. If the *Contractor* fails to comply with **subclause 35A.2(a)(iii)**, the *Contractor* is only prevented from making a claim from the last date upon which the updated claim could have been made in accordance with **subclause 35A.2(a)(iii)**.

35A.3 Work outside of Extension Land

- (a) If the Contractor notifies the Principal and the Independent Certifier that as a result of an adjustment event, WUC needs to be carried out, or any of the Works situated, outside of the Extension Land:
 - (i) the relevant part of the *WUC* will be immediately suspended;
 - (ii) the parties will take steps under the *Rail Corridor Agreement* with the aim of procuring that the relevant land be included as part of the *Extension Land*; and
 - (iii) notwithstanding the terms of **subclauses 35A.2(a)** or **35A.4(a)**, the *Contractor* shall not be required to submit a notice or claim under **subclause 35A.2(a)** (and the information required under that notice) and no further steps are required under this **clause 35A** until the relevant determination under the *Rail Corridor Agreement* has been given.
- (b) If the WUC is suspended under **subclause 35A.3(a)(i)** for a period 180 days, then subject to **clause 39B**, the *Principal* may by written notice to the *Contractor* terminate the *Contract*.
- (c) If the *Contract* is terminated pursuant to **subclause 35A.3(b)**, the *Contractor* will be entitled to compensation from the *Principal* as if the *Contract* had been terminated for convenience in accordance with **subclause 39.1**.

35A.4 Independent Certifier's determination

[AN note: amended to enable the Independent Certifier to submit an interim determination where the adjustment event or its effects continue beyond the 42 day period]

- (a) Subject to **subclause 35A.2(d)** and **subclause 35A.4(b)**, within 28 days of submission of a claim under **subclause 35A.2(a)(ii)** the *Independent Certifier* must issue a *direction* to the *Contractor* on its assessment of the *adjustment event* including:
 - (i) any change required to the WUC;
 - (ii) any omission or addition to the Works;
 - (iii) any modification required to the *Principal's project requirements*;
 - (iv) in accordance with **subclause 35A.4(b)**, any adjustment to the *contract sum*;
 - (v) where the claim is a *joint claim*, any entitlement to an *EOT*, which assessment must be in accordance with **clause 33**,

which is required as a result of the occurrence of the adjustment event.

- (b) If the adjustment event or its effects continue beyond the period referred to in subclause 35A.2(a)(ii) and the Contractor submits a claim under subclause 35A.2(a)(iii):
 - (i) any *direction* issued by the *Independent Certifier* under **subclause 35A.4(a)** will be considered an "interim determination"; and
 - (ii) within 28 days of the submission of a final updated claim under subclause 35A.2(a)(iii), the *Independent Certifier* must issue a *direction* on its final assessment of the *adjustment event* including those matters referred to in subclause 35A.4(a)(iii), (iv) and (v) (and such final assessment may adjust one or more of the interim determinations made under subclause 35A.4(a)).
- (c) The *Independent Certifier* shall price an adjustment to the *contract sum* due to an *adjustment event* with regard to what is reasonable in the circumstances, taking into account the following (in order of precedence):
 - (i) prior agreement of the parties, if the *Independent Certifier* considers it reasonable in the circumstances given the nature of the work required by the *adjustment event*; and
 - (ii) reasonable rates or prices, which shall include a reasonable amount for profit and overheads,

and any deductions shall include a reasonable amount for profit but not overheads.

[AN note: we have replaced clause 35A.4(c) with the wording from clause 35.4]]

35A.5 Determination of disputes

If either party is not satisfied with any part or all of the *Independent Certifier's* written *direction* under **subclause 35A.4**, it may refer the matter for resolution under **subclause 41.3**.

35A.6 Proceed at own risk

Prior to:

- (a) receiving a direction from the Independent Certifier under subclause 35A.4(a); and
- (b) where the has been a referral of a *dispute* regarding an *adjustment event* for resolution under **subclause 41.3**, the expert making its determination,

the *Contractor* may proceed with any modification to the *WUC*, which in its opinion is required to overcome the effects of an *adjustment event*, at its own risk.

35B Segment allocation and Depreciating Assets

- (a) Within 20 business days following any adjustment to the contract sum in accordance with clauses 35 or 35A, the Contractor will provide the Principal a breakdown of the manner in which that adjustment was allocated across the Segments.
- (b) The *Contractor* shall prepare the breakdown referred to in **subclause 35B(a)** in accordance with the *allocation principles*.
- (c) As soon as reasonably practicable following *practical completion* the *Contractor* will provide the *Principal* with a final statement detailing all of the cost breakdowns given to the *Principal* under **subclause 35B(a)**.
- (d) When requested to do so in writing by the *Principal* the *Contractor* must provide the *Principal* for each *Depreciating Asset* forming part of the *Works* details of when the relevant asset is installed and ready for use.

36 Payment

36.1A Advance Payment

[AN note: original drafting reinstated as proposed amendment is unnecessary]

Within 10 business days of the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date the Principal will pay the advance payment to the Contractor.

36.1 Progress claims

- (a) The Contractor shall claim payment progressively in accordance with this clause 36.
- (b) On the last business day of each month, the Contractor may make a payment claim by submitting a claim for payment to the Principal setting out the Contractor's calculation of the progress payment payable on account of the WUC carried out to the date of the payment claim.

 [AN note: AN considers that unfixed plant and materials should be capable of being claimed in a payment claim]
- (c) A payment claim must be given in writing to the Independent Certifier and the Principal and must:
 - (i) include details of the moneys then due to the *Contractor* pursuant to provisions of the *Contract*:
 - (ii) include the total amount previously certified under this clause 36;

- (iii) include the amount of the *contract sum* being claimed by the *Contractor*,
- (iv) provide details of any discretionary variations or adjustment events which have occurred since the previous payment claim made by the Contractor, including any necessary adjustment to the contract sum; and
- (v) include such other information as the *Independent Certifier* may reasonably require.
- (d) The *Independent Certifier* shall within 10 *business days* after the *Contractor* submits the *payment claim*:
 - (i) if it agrees with the *payment claim*, adopt its assessment; or
 - (ii) if it disagrees with the *payment claim*, prepare its own assessment, and issue to the *Contractor* a progress certificate ('*progress certificate*') for that amount.
- (e) In making its assessment under **subclause 36.1(d)** the *Independent Certifier* will measure the progress of *WUC* against each item of *work* described in the lump sum breakdown contained at **Annexure Part C**.
- (f) The parties agree that:
 - (i) the first payment claim submitted during the term of this Contract will include the amount payable to the Contractor for the pre-funding payment, and the Independent Certifier will not be entitled to disagree with the existence or quantum of this part of the payment claim; and
 - (ii) the *Independent Certifier* will include in each progress certificate a deduction equal to the *advance deduction amount* for that *progress certificate* until such time as the aggregate of all *advance deduction amounts* that have been included in *progress certificates* equals the *advance payment*. [AN comment: original drafting reinstated for clarity]
- (g) The progress certificate (or where the payment claim is final, final certificate) shall:
 - (i) state the payment claim to which it relates;
 - (ii) state the amount of the payment the *Principal* is required to make;
 - (iii) specify the advance deduction amount, if any, for that progress certificate (or final certificate)in accordance with **subclause 36.1(f)(ii)**; and
 - (iv) if the payment the *Independent Certifier* considers is due is less than the amount claimed in the *payment claim*, state why it is less and the reasons for withholding payment.
- (h) The *Principal* shall within 15 business days after the *Contractor* submits a payment claim pay the *Contractor* the amount stated in the progress certificate ('progress payment').

36.2 Certificates

Neither a *progress certificate* nor a *progress payment* shall be evidence that the subject *WUC* has been carried out satisfactorily. Payment other than *final payment* shall be payment on account only.

36.3 Not used

36.4 Final payment claim and certificate

Within 28 days after the expiry of the last *defects rectification period*, the *Contractor* shall give the *Independent Certifier* a written *final payment claim* endorsed 'Final Payment Claim' being a progress claim together with all other claims whatsoever in connection with the subject matter of the *Contract*.

Within 42 days after the expiry of the last *defects rectification period*, the *Independent Certifier* shall issue to both the *Contractor* and the *Principal* a *final certificate* evidencing the moneys finally due and payable between the *Contractor* and the *Principal* on any account whatsoever in connection with the subject matter of the *Contract*.

Those moneys certified as due and payable shall be paid by the *Principal* or the *Contractor*, as the case may be, within 7 days after the debtor receives the *final certificate*.

The *final certificate* shall be conclusive evidence of accord and satisfaction, and in discharge of each party's obligations in connection with the subject matter of the *Contract* except for:

- (a) fraud or dishonesty relating to *WUC* or any part thereof or to any matter dealt with in the *final certificate*;
- (b) any defect or omission in the Works or any part thereof which was not apparent at the end of the last defects rectification period, or which would not have been disclosed upon reasonable inspection at the time of the issue of the final certificate;
- (c) any accidental or erroneous inclusion or exclusion of any *work* or figures in any computation or an arithmetical error in any computation; and
- (d) unresolved issues the subject of any notice of *dispute* pursuant to **clause 41**, served before the 7th day after the issue of the *final certificate*.

36.5 Interest

Interest in *Item* 35 shall be due and payable after the date of default in payment.

36.6 Other moneys due

The *Principal* may elect that moneys due and owing otherwise than in connection with the subject matter of the *Contract* also be due to the *Principal* pursuant to the *Contract*.

37 Payment of workers, consultants and subcontractors

37.1 Workers, consultants and subcontractors

The *Contractor* shall give in respect of a progress claim, documentary evidence of the payment of moneys due and payable to:

- (a) workers of the *Contractor* and of the *subcontractors*;
- (b) consultants; and
- (c) subcontractors,

in respect of WUC the subject of that claim.

If the *Contractor* is unable to give such documentary evidence, the *Contractor* shall give other documentary evidence of the moneys so due and payable to workers, *consultants* and *subcontractors*.

Documentary evidence, except where the *Contract* otherwise provides, shall be to the *Independent Certifier's* satisfaction.

37.2 Withholding payment

Subject to the next paragraph, the *Principal* may withhold moneys certified due and payable in respect of the progress claim until the *Contractor* complies with **subclause 37.1**.

The *Principal* shall not withhold payment of such moneys in excess of the moneys evidenced pursuant to **subclause 37.1** as due and payable to workers, *consultants* and *subcontractors*.

37.3 Direct payment

Before *final payment*, the *Principal*, if not aware of a relevant relation-back day (as defined in the Corporations Law) may pay unpaid moneys the subject of **subclause 37.1** directly to a worker, *consultant* or *subcontractor* where:

- (a) permitted by law;
- (b) given a court order in favour of the worker, *consultant* or *subcontractor*, or
- (c) requested in writing by the Contractor.

Such payment and a payment made to a worker, *consultant* or *subcontractor* in compliance with a *legislative requirement* shall be deemed to be part-satisfaction of the *Principal's* obligation to pay pursuant to **subclauses 37.1** or **36.4**, as the case may be.

38 Default or insolvency

38.1 Preservation of other rights

If a party breaches (including repudiates) the *Contract*, nothing in this clause shall prejudice the right of the other party to recover damages or exercise any other right or remedy.

38.2 Contractor's default

If the *Contractor* commits a *substantial breach* of the *Contract*, the *Principal* may, by hand or by registered post, give the *Contractor* a written notice to show cause.

Substantial breaches by the Contractor are:

- (a) failing to:
 - (i) not used;
 - (ii) comply with the *Contractor's defect* rectification obligations pursuant to **subclause 34**:
 - (iii) provide evidence of insurance;
 - (iv) comply with a *direction* of the *Independent Certifier* pursuant to **subclause 28.3** or **subclause 34**; or
 - (v) use the materials or standards of *work* required by the *Contract*;

- (b) wrongful suspension of work;
- (c) subject to the provisions of the Contract, refusing to proceed with the WUC in accordance with the requirements of the Contract or abandoning all or substantially all of the WUC;
- (d) not used; and
- (e) in respect of **clause 37**, knowingly providing documentary evidence containing an untrue statement.

38.3 Principal's notice to show cause

A notice under subclause 38.2 shall state:

- (a) that it is a notice under clause 38 of these General Conditions;
- (b) the alleged substantial breach;
- (c) that the *Contractor* is required to show cause in writing why the *Principal* should not exercise a right referred to in **subclause** (e);
- (d) the date and time by which the *Contractor* must show cause (which shall not be less than 10 *business days* after the notice is received by the *Contractor*); and
- (e) the place at which cause must be shown.

38.4 Principal's rights

[AN note: AN considers it is appropriate for AN to be provided with an opportunity to show reasonable cause (following a suspension of payment) before the Principal is entitled to terminate the contract]

- (a) If the *Contractor* fails to show reasonable cause by the stated date and time, the *Principal* may, by written notice to the *Contractor*, suspend payment.
- (b) If the *Principal* exercises its rights under **subclause 38.4(a)** and within 30 *business days* of the *Principal* exercising those rights, the Contractor fails:
 - (i) to show reasonable cause;
 - (ii) to remedy the breach; or
 - (iii) if the breach is not capable of remedy, to make other arrangements to the reasonable satisfaction of the *Principal*,

the Principal may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the Contract.

38.5 Not used

38.6 Not used

38.7 Principal's default

If the *Principal* commits a *substantial breach* of the *Contract*, the *Contractor* may, by hand or by registered post, give the *Principal* a written notice to show cause.

Substantial breaches by the *Principal* are failing to make a payment due and payable pursuant to the *Contract*.

38.8 Contractor's notice to show cause

A notice given under subclause 38.7 shall state:

- (a) that it is a notice under clause 38 of these General Conditions;
- (b) the alleged substantial breach;
- (c) that the *Principal* is required to show cause in writing why the *Contractor* should not exercise a right referred to in **subclause 38.9**;
- (d) the date and time by which the *Principal* must show cause (which shall not be less than 10 *business days* after the notice is received by the *Principal*); and
- (e) the place at which cause must be shown.

38.9 Contractor's rights

If the *Principal* fails to show reasonable cause by the stated date and time, the *Contractor* may, by written notice to the *Principal*, suspend the whole or any part of *WUC*.

The Contractor shall remove the suspension if the Principal remedies the breach.

Without prejudice to its rights under **subclause 32.5** and subject to **clause 39B** the *Contractor* may, by written notice to the *Principal*, terminate the *Contract*, if within 30 days of the date of its show cause notice under **subclause 38.8** the *Principal* fails:

- (a) to remedy the breach; or
- (b) if the breach is not capable of remedy, to make other arrangements to the reasonable satisfaction of the *Contractor*.

Following a suspension of *WUC* in accordance with this **subclause 38.9** the *Contractor* will be entitled to claim:

- (c) an EOT in accordance with subclause 33.5; and
- (d) an adjustment to the contract sum in accordance with clause 35A,

in respect of any delay or increased costs incurred by it as a result of the WUC being suspended.

38.10 Termination

Subject to **subclause 38.12**, if the *Contract* is terminated pursuant to **subclauses 38.4(b)** or **38.9**, subject to **clause 39B** the parties' remedies, rights and liabilities shall be the same as they would have been under the law governing the *Contract* had the defaulting party repudiated the *Contract* and the other party elected to treat the *Contract* as at an end and recover damages.

38.11 Insolvency

If an *insolvency event* occurs in respect of either party, then:

(a) where the *insolvency event* has occurred in respect of the *Contractor*, the *Principal* may, without giving a notice to show cause, exercise the right under **subclause 38.4(b)**; or

(b) where the *insolvency event* has occurred in respect of the *Principal*, the *Contractor* may, without giving a notice to show cause, exercise the right under **subclause 38.9**.

The rights and remedies given by this subclause are additional to any other rights and remedies. They may be exercised notwithstanding that there has been no breach of contract.

38.12 Compensation to Principal

[AN note: amendments made to simplify the process for calculating the compensation payment following termination. AN notes that clause 3.1 of the EPA deals with AN's obligation to make an application to the QCA to make a decision on the amount of the contract sum to be included in the RAB. Also clarified that the compensation payment is the Principal's sole remedy for termination (this provides certainty to both parties as to the amount of compensation to be paid)]

- (a) If the *Contract* is terminated by the *Principal* in accordance with **subclause 38.4(b)** or under common law as a result of a repudiation by the *Contractor*, then:
 - (i) the *Principal* is not obliged to pay any further amounts to the *Contractor* (including entitlements accrued before termination); and
 - (ii) subject to **subclauses 38.12(b) and 38.12(c)**, within 2 months after the date the *Access Regulator* makes the final decision referred to in **subclause 38.12(b)(ii)**, the *Contractor* shall pay the *Principal* the lesser of:
 - (A) an amount equal to [tbc]% of the *contract sum* plus the total *Trust Administration Costs*; and
 - (B) an amount equal to:
 - (1) [tbc]% of the amount which is the difference between the contract sum which has been paid to the Contractor as at the date of termination and the amount of the contract sum which the Access Regulator has approved for inclusion in the Regulatory Asset Base; plus
 - (2) an amount calculated as follows:

(Non-RAB amount/CS Amount) x TTAC

Where:

Non-RAB amount = CS Amount less the portion of CS Amount

that the *Access Regulator* has approved for inclusion in the *Regulatory Asset Base*;

CS Amount = the *contract sum* which has been paid to the

Contractor as at the date of termination; and

TTAC = Total Trust Administration Costs.

(b) The parties confirm that the *Compensation Payment* under **subclause 38.12(a)** can only be calculated once:

- (i) the Contractor has made a submission to the Access Regulator for the inclusion in the Regulatory Access Base of at least 75% of the amount of the contract sum that has been paid to the Contractor as at the date of termination; and
- (ii) the Access Regulator has considered that submission and made a final decision as to the amount of the contract sum referred to in **subclause 38.12(b)(i)** to be included in the Regulatory Asset Base.
- (c) If, following the calculation of the *Compensation Payment*, the *Access Regulator* increases the amount of the *contract sum* paid by the *Principal* that is included in the *Regulatory Asset Base*:
 - (i) the Compensation Payment must be recalculated in accordance with **subclause** 38.12(a)(ii) (Revised Compensation Payment); and
 - (ii) if the *Revised Compensation Payment* is less than the *Compensation Payment*, the *Principal* must refund to the *Contractor* the amount of the difference.
- (d) The amount calculated under this **subclause 38.12** shall be the *Principal's* sole entitlement to compensation arising from the termination of the *Contract*.

39 Termination for convenience

39.1 Termination by Principal

Subject to **clause 39B**, where the *Principal* has a right or obligation under and in accordance with [clause 7.5(a)(v)] or [clause 10.2(a)] of the *Unit Holders Deed* to terminate this *Contract*, it may by 40 *business days* written notice to the *Contractor* terminate this *Contract*.

39.2 Compensation

If this *Contract* is terminated pursuant to **subclauses 32.5**, **35A.3(b)** or **39.1** then the *Principal* shall be liable to pay the *Contractor* the total of:

- (a) for *work* executed prior to the date of termination and for which the *Contractor* has not been paid, the amount which would have been payable for that *work* if the *Contract* had not been terminated:
- (b) actual costs incurred by the Contractor prior to the date of termination, including (but not limited to) the cost of materials reasonably ordered by the Contractor for WUC, which the Contractor is liable to accept;
- (c) the costs of the Contractor in demobilising from the WUC and the site, including (but not limited to) demobilisation of personnel and the cost of removal of construction plant (which for the avoidance doubt include break costs and/or early termination fees payable to subcontractors and consultants); and
- (d) the break fee specified in *Item* **36A** (save where the termination was pursuant to **subclause 35A.3(b)** and the relevant *adjustment event* did not arise out of a breach of contract or negligent act or negligent omission of the *Principal*).

39A Force Majeure

- (a) If a *force majeure event* causes delay or disruption to the *WUC* or otherwise affects the performance of the *Contract*, the *Contractor* will be entitled to claim:
 - (i) an EOT in accordance with subclause 33.5; and
 - (ii) an adjustment event in accordance with clause 35A,

in respect of the effects of the *force majeure event* to the extent such effects could not have been avoided or mitigated by the *Contractor* taking reasonable steps.

The *Contractor* shall be entitled to recover from the *Principal* the costs incurred in taking such reasonable steps.

(b) Subject to **clause 39B**, if a delay caused by a *force majeure event* continues for more than 180 days, the *Principal* party may terminate this *Contract* by giving written notice to the *Contractor*.

39B Pre-termination work

- (a) If the *Principal* or the *Contractor* (as applicable) provides to the other party a termination notice under **subclauses 32.5(a)**, **35A.3(b)**, **38.9**, **39.1** or **39A** such notice (or as part of that notice where it is should it be given by the *Contractor*) shall be a deemed instruction to the *Contractor* to:
 - (i) remove Redundant Extension Infrastructure; and
 - (ii) restore the *site* to the condition it was in prior to the commencement of the *WUC*, (the 'pre-termination work').
- (b) The *Contractor* may within [21 days] of the termination notice elect to proceed with all, some or none of the *pre-termination work* under a deemed instruction under **subclause 39B(a)**.
- (c) The *Principal* agrees that it is responsible to pay the *Contractor* under this *Contract* for all *pre-termination work* that the *Contractor* elects to undertake under **subclause 39B(b)** and that the *Contractor* undertaking such *pre-termination work* will be an adjustment event entitling the *Contractor* to claim an adjustment to the *contract sum* in accordance with **clause 35A**.
- (d) If the Contractor exercises its entitlement to undertake pre-termination work under subclause 39B(b), this Contract will remain on foot only to the extent necessary to facilitate the performance of the pre-termination work until the later of:
 - (i) the date on which the *Contractor* notifies the *Principal* that the *pre-termination* work is complete; and
 - (ii) the date on which this *Contract* would have terminated but for the operation of this **clause 39B**.

after which date the Contract is terminated.

(e) If the *Contractor* does not exercise its entitlement to undertake *pre-termination work* under **subclause 39B(b)**, this *Contract* will terminate the date on which the *Contract* would have terminated in the absence of this **clause 39B**.

40 Notification of claims

40.1 Communication of claims

The prescribed notice is a written notice of the general basis and quantum of the claim.

As soon as practicable after a party becomes aware of any claim in connection with the subject matter of the *Contract*, that party shall give to the other party and to the *Independent Certifier* the *prescribed notice* or a notice of *dispute* under **subclause 41.2**.

This subclause and **subclause 40.3** shall not apply to any claim, including a claim for payment (except for claims which would, other than for this subclause, have been included in the *final payment claim*), the communication of which is required by another provision of the *Contract*.

40.2 Liability for failure to communicate

The failure of a party to comply with the provisions of **subclause 40.1** or to communicate a claim in accordance with the relevant provision of the *Contract* shall, inter alia, entitle the other party to damages for breach of the *Contract* but shall neither bar nor invalidate the claim.

40.3 Independent Certifier's decision

If within 28 days of giving the *prescribed notice* the party giving it does not notify the other party and the *Independent Certifier* of particulars of the claim, the *prescribed notice* shall be deemed to be the claim.

Within 56 days of receipt of the *prescribed notice* the *Independent Certifier* shall assess the claim and notify the parties in writing of the decision. Unless a party within a further 28 days of such notification gives a notice of *dispute* under **subclause 41.2** which includes such decision, the *Independent Certifier* shall certify the amount of that assessment to be moneys then due and payable.

41 Dispute resolution

41.1 Procedure for resolving Disputes

Any dispute between the *Principal* and the *Contractor* arising out of or in connection with this *Contract* or the *WUC* (including questions concerning this *Contract's* existence, meaning or validity) ('*dispute'*) must be resolved in accordance with the procedures set out in this **clause** 41.

41.2 Negotiation

(a) If a *dispute* (other than a *dispute* referred under subclause **33.5A** or **35A.5**) arises then a party may give notice to the other party requesting that the *dispute* be referred for resolution by negotiation between the representatives of the parties, being:

- (i) in the case of the *Contractor*, its chief executive officer (or his or her delegate); and
- (ii) in the case of the *Principal*, a senior representative who has authority to resolve the *dispute*,

(the 'senior executives').

- (b) A notice under subclause 41.2(a) must:
 - (i) state that it is a notice under subclause 41.2(a); and
 - (ii) include or be accompanied by reasonable particulars of the matters the subject of the *dispute*.
- (c) If a *dispute* is referred for resolution by negotiation under **subclause 41.2(a)**, then the *senior executives* must meet and use reasonable endeavours acting in good faith to resolve the *dispute*. The joint decision (if any) of the *senior executives* will be reduced to writing and will be contractually binding on the parties.
- (d) If the *dispute* remains unresolved (in whole or in part) 15 *business days* after the date on which the notice referred to in **subclause 41.2(a)** was served, then:
 - (i) either party may refer the matter to litigation; or
 - (ii) the *senior executives* may jointly resolve to refer the matter to expert determination under **subclause 41.3**.

41.3 Expert determination

If a *dispute* has been referred to expert determination pursuant to **subclauses 33.5A**, **35A.5**, **33.6** or **41.2(d)(ii)**, then **subclauses 41.4** to **41.8** (inclusive) shall apply.

41.4 Selection of expert

[Aurizon note: the process for appointing an expert has been amended for consistency with the process in clause 5.3(a) of the Extension Project Agreement]

- (a) If a *dispute* under **subclauses 33.5A**, **35A.5** or **41.2(d)(ii)** is referred to expert determination, the parties must nominate (by mutual agreement) an expert to determine the *dispute*.
- (b) (Appointment of expert where no agreement reached) If the parties have not nominated an expert within 5 business days of a dispute under subclauses 33.5A, 35A.5 or 41.2(d)(ii) being referred to expert determination, then the expert is to be nominated (at the request of either party by):
 - (i) where the parties agree the *dispute* is:
 - (A) purely of a technical nature, the President (for the time being) of Engineers Australia Queensland Division); or
 - (B) purely of a financial or accounting nature, the President (for the time being) of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia Queensland Branch; and
 - (ii) in all other cases, the President (for the time being) of the Queensland Law Society.

- (c) If the expert is to be nominated by a person referred to in **subclause 41.4(b)** and that person declines to nominate a person as the expert but provides a list of people that could be appointed as the expert:
 - (i) the first person specified in that list will be taken to be nominated as the expert;
 - (ii) if the first person specified in that list does not accept the appointment as the expert, the next person specified in that list will be taken to be nominated as the expert; and
 - (iii) the process specified in **subclause 41.4(c)(ii)** will apply to the next and each subsequent person specified in that list until a person that is taken to be nominated as the expert accepts the appointment as the expert;
- (d) Subject to **subclause 41.4(c)**, if the expert is to be nominated by a person referred to in **subclause 41.4(b)** and the person nominated as the expert does not accept the appointment as the expert, then an alternative person is to be nominated as the expert (at the request of either party) by the same person referred to in **subclause 41.4(b)**.
- (e) It is the intention of the parties that the expert appointed to determine a *dispute* will be a person with appropriate skills having regard to the nature of the matters in *dispute*.
- (f) Any agreement for expert determination under this *Contract* will not constitute an arbitration agreement for the purposes of the *Commercial Arbitration Act 2013* (Qld).
- (g) The *Principal* and the *Contractor* must enter into an agreement with the expert on the terms of the form of agreement contained in **Annexure Part L** or such other reasonable terms as the expert may require.

41.5 Rules of expert determination

The expert determination process will be administered, and the expert will be required to act in accordance with the terms of the agreement in **Annexure Part L**.

41.6 Expert finding

- (a) The determination of the expert must be in writing and will be final and binding on the parties.
- (b) Upon submission by any party, the expert may amend the determination to correct:
 - (i) a clerical mistake;
 - (ii) an error from an accidental slip or omission;
 - (iii) a material miscalculation of figures or a material mistake in the description of any person, thing or manner; or
 - (iv) a defect in form.

41.7 Costs

The *Principal* and the *Contractor* must bear their own costs in connection with the expert determination proceedings and must pay an equal portion of the cost of the expert.

41.8 Place of expert determination

The place of any expert determination will be Brisbane.

41.9 Continue to perform

Notwithstanding the existence of a *dispute*, each party must continue to perform its obligations under this *Contract*.

41.10 Summary or urgent relief

Nothing will prejudice the right of a party to institute proceedings to seek urgent injunctive, interlocutory or declaratory relief.

42 Waiver of conditions

Except as provided at law or in equity or elsewhere in the *Contract*, none of the terms of the *Contract* shall be varied, waived, discharged or released, except with the prior written consent of the parties.

43 Liability

[AN note: clause amended for consistency with typical market provisions regarding limitation of liability]

43.1 Liability cap

- (a) Subject to **subclause 43.1(b)**, the *Contractor's* maximum aggregate liability to the *Principal:*
 - (i) under this Contract;
 - (ii) in tort (including negligence);
 - (iii) under any statute; and
 - (iv) otherwise at law,

and irrespective of how it arises, is limited to the amount specified in *Item* 37.

- (b) The limitation of liability in this **clause 43** does not apply:
 - (i) to the extent that the liability of the *Contractor* to the *Principal* is an insured liability in accordance with the terms of a policy of insurance required to be effected and maintained under this *Contract*, in respect of an amount equal to any amount recovered by the *Contractor* under any such policy of insurance (or which would have been received but for the *Contractor's* breach of this *Contract* or a failure to comply with any relevant insurance policy);
 - (ii) to any amounts due under the indemnity under **subclause 10.1(c)**;
 - (iii) to any liquidated damages due and payable under subclause 33.7; or
 - (iv) to any loss:
 - (A) arising from:
 - (1) fraud of the Contractor,
 - (2) criminal conduct of the Contractor,
 - (3) the death or injury of any person;

- (4) loss, damage to, or destruction of, any property other than the *WUC*; or
- (5) any claim for payment made by the Contractor's employees; or
- (B) that cannot be excluded by law.

43.2 Exclusion of consequential loss

- (a) A party will not be liable for any Consequential Loss:
 - (i) pursuant to this Contract;
 - (ii) arising from any Claim in connection with or by reason of this Contract; or
 - (iii) under an indemnity given by a party to another party under this *Contract*, save and except for *Consequential Loss* where:
 - (iv) any *Claim* for the *Consequential Loss* is one which the party is insured under an insurance policy required under the *Transaction Documents* and then to the extent the party receives the proceeds of the policy of insurance;
 - there is an entitlement of the *Principal* to recover a loss from the *Contractor* under another *Transaction Document* (subject to the terms of that *Transaction Document*);
 - (vi) such exclusion is otherwise prohibited by law; or
 - (vii) the Consequential Loss is caused or contributed to by that party committing:
 - (A) a wilful default, being a deliberate breach of a material obligation with the knowledge that (or with conscious disregard as to whether) the breach was likely to have harmful consequences, but does not include any innocent mistake or error of judgment; or
 - (B) fraud (as defined by civil common law of Queensland),but only to the extent caused or contributed to by such wilful default or fraud.
- (b) This **subclause 43.2** survives termination of this *Contract*.

44 GST

44.1 Construction

In this clause 44:

- (a) unless there is a contrary indication, words and expressions which are not defined in this Contract but which have a defined meaning in GST Law have the same meaning as in the GST Law; and
- (b) references to GST payable and input tax credit entitlement include GST payable by, and the input tax credit entitlement of, the representative member for a GST group of which the entity is a member and the GST joint venture operator of any GST joint venture of which the entity is a participant.

44.2 Consideration GST exclusive

Unless otherwise expressly stated, all prices or other sums payable or consideration to be provided under this *Contract* are exclusive of GST.

44.3 Payment of GST

If GST is payable on any supply made by a party (or any entity through which that Party acts) (**Supplier**) under or in connection with this *Contract*, the recipient of the supply will pay to the Supplier an amount equal to the GST payable on the supply.

44.4 Timing of GST payment

The amount referred to in **subclause 44.3** must be paid in addition to and at the same time and in the same manner (without any set-off or deduction) that the consideration for the supply is to be provided under this *Contract*.

44.5 Tax invoice

The Supplier must deliver a tax invoice or an adjustment note to the recipient of a taxable supply before the Supplier is entitled to payment of an amount under **subclause 44.3**, and the recipient can withhold payment of the amount until the Supplier provides a tax invoice or an adjustment note, as appropriate.

44.6 Adjustment event

If an adjustment event arises in respect of a taxable supply made by a Supplier under this *Contract*, the amount payable by the recipient under **subclause 44.3** will be recalculated to reflect the adjustment event and a payment will be made by the recipient to the Supplier, or by the Supplier to the recipient, as the case requires.

44.7 Reimbursements

Where a party is required under this *Contract* to pay for, reimburse or contribute to any expense, loss, liability or outgoing of another party or indemnify another party in relation to such an expense, loss, liability or outgoing, the amount required to be paid, reimbursed or contributed by the first party will be the sum of:

- (a) the amount of the expense, loss, liability or outgoing less any input tax credits in respect of the expense, loss, liability or outgoing to which the other party is entitled; and
- (b) if the payment, reimbursement or contribution is subject to GST, an amount equal to that GST.

44.8 Calculations based on other amounts

If an amount of consideration payable or to be provided under or in connection with this *Contract* is to be calculated by reference to:

- (a) any expense, loss, liability or outgoing suffered or incurred by another person (**Cost**), that reference will be to the amount of that Cost excluding the amount of any input tax credit entitlement of that person relating to the Cost suffered or incurred; and
- (b) any price, value, sales, proceeds, revenue or similar amount (**Revenue**), that reference will be to that Revenue determined by deducting from it an amount equal to the GST payable on the supply for which it is consideration.

Annexure - Part A

Annexure to the Australian Standard General Conditions of Contract for Design and Construct

This **annexure** shall be completed and issued as part of the tender documents and, subject to any amendments to be incorporated into the *Contract*, is to be attached to the General Conditions of Contract and shall be read as part of the *Contract*.

Item				
1	Principal (clause 1)	ACN	ABN	
2	Principal's address	Phone		Fax
3	Contractor (clause 1)	ACN	ABN	
4	Contractor's address	Phone		Fax
5	Independent Certifier (clause 1)	ACN	ABN	
6	Independent Certifier's address	Phone		Fax
7	Date for practical completion (clause 1)	As stated in the Separable Portions Annexure.		
7A	Amount of <i>pre-funding</i> payment (clause 1)	\$ <mark>[to be insert</mark>	ted]	
7B	Amount of advance payment (clause 1)	5% of the contract sum.		
7C	Amount of advance deduction amount (clause 1)	means, in respect of a <i>progress certificate</i> , an amount equal to 5% of the applicable <i>payment claim</i> by the <i>Contractor</i> that is certified for payment under subclause 36.1 ;		
7D	Peak termination exposure amount (clause 1)	\$ <mark>[to be insert</mark>	ted]	

8	Governing law	the law of the State of Queensland		
	(subclause 1.2(h))	If nothing stated, that of the jurisdiction where the <i>site</i> is located		
9	(a) Currency (subclause 1.2(g))	Australian dollars		
		If nothing stated, that of the jurisdiction where the site is located		
	(b) Place for payments (subclause 1.2(g))	If nothing stated, the <i>Principal's</i> address		
9A	The <i>Principal's Approvals</i> (clause 1)	[to be inserted]		
10	The <i>Principal's project</i> requirements are described in the following documents (clause 1)	1 Preliminary design (if included in Item 11)		
		2 The scope of work contained in Annexure Part C .		
		3		
		4		
		5		
11	Preliminary design (clause 1)	 (a) A preliminary design * is included * is not included in the Principal's project requirements. 		
		If neither deleted, a preliminary design is not included		
		(b) The <i>preliminary design</i> documents are:		
		1 [to be inserted]		
		2		
		3		
		4		
		5		
12	Not used			
13	Provisional sum, percentage for profit and attendance (clause 3)	[to be inserted]%		
14	Credit rating of issuer of security (subclause 5.2)	a long-term credit rating by Standard & Poors Rating Services of at least A (or the equivalent rating by another internationally recognised ratings agency)		
15	Not used			
16	Not used			

Documents, numbers of copies, and the times or stages at which they are to be supplied by the *Contractor* (subclause 8.3)

Document No. of copies Time/stage

- 1 [to be inserted]
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- Time for *Independent*Certifier's direction about documents

 (subclause 8.3)

days

If nothing stated, 14 days

- 19 Not used
- 20 Not used
- 21 Not used
- 22 Legislative requirements
 - (a) Those excepted (subclause 11.1)

[to be inserted]

(b) Identified WUC (subclause 11.2(a)(iii))

[to be inserted]

- 23 Insurance of *the Works* (clause 16A)
 - Refer to *Insurance Schedule*.
- 24 Professional indemnity insurance (clause 16B)
 - (a) Levels of cover of Contractor's professional indemnity insurance shall be not less than

Refer to Insurance Schedule.

(b) Period for which

Contractor's

professional indemnity
insurance shall be
maintained after issue
of the final certificate

If nothing stated, 6 years

	(c)	Categories of consultants and levels of cover of consultants' professional indemnity insurance	Category [to be inserted]	Levels of cover \$ \$ \$ \$ If nothing stated, \$1 000 000		
	(d)	Period for which each consultant's professional indemnity insurance shall be maintained after issue of the final certificate	If nothing stated, 6 years			
25	Public liability insurance (clause 16)		Refer to Insurance Schedule.			
	Amount per occurrence shall be not less than		\$			
25A	Principal's representative					
	(subclause 21(b))					
	Contractor's representative					
	(subclause 21(b))					
26	Not u	ised				
27	the ti which the C	nformation, materials, ments or instructions and mes by, or periods within they are to be given to contractor (see 31)	Documents or instructions 1 [to be inserted] 2 3 4 5	Times/Periods		
28	Not u	ised				
29(a)	pract	dated damages - ical completion, rate clause 33.7)	Refer to Separable Portions Annexure			

29(b)	Liquidated damages - practical completion, maximum payable (subclause 33.7)	[to be inserted]% of the contract sum
29(c)	Not used	
29(d)	Not used	
30	Not used	
31	Other compensable causes (paragraph (b) of clause 1 and subclause 33.9)	[to be inserted]
32	Defects rectification period (clause 34)	the period commencing on the date of this <i>Contract</i> and ending 13 months after the <i>date of practical completion</i> .
33	Not used	
34	Not used	
35	Interest rate on overdue payments (subclause 36.5)	% per annum
		If nothing stated, 18% per annum
36	Not used	
36A	Break fee (subclause 39.2(d))	[to be inserted]
37	Liability cap (subclause 43.1(a))	[to be inserted with an amount that does not exceed the contract sum]

Separable Portions Annexure

Separable portion No. 1 (clause 1)

Description of Separable [to be inserted]
Portion

(clause 1)

Date for Practical [to be inserted]

Completion (clause 1)

(clause 33.7)

Liquidated damages - [to be inserted] practical completion, rate

Separable portion No. 2

(clause 1)

Description of Separable [to be inserted]

Portion (clause 1)

Date for Practical [to be inserted]

Completion (clause 1)

Liquidated damages - [to be inserted]

practical completion, rate (clause 33.7)

Separable portion (clause 1)

Description of Separable [to be inserted]

No. 3

Portion (clause 1)

Date for Practical [to be inserted]

Completion (clause 1)

Liquidated damages - [to be inserted]

practical completion, rate (clause 33.7)

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